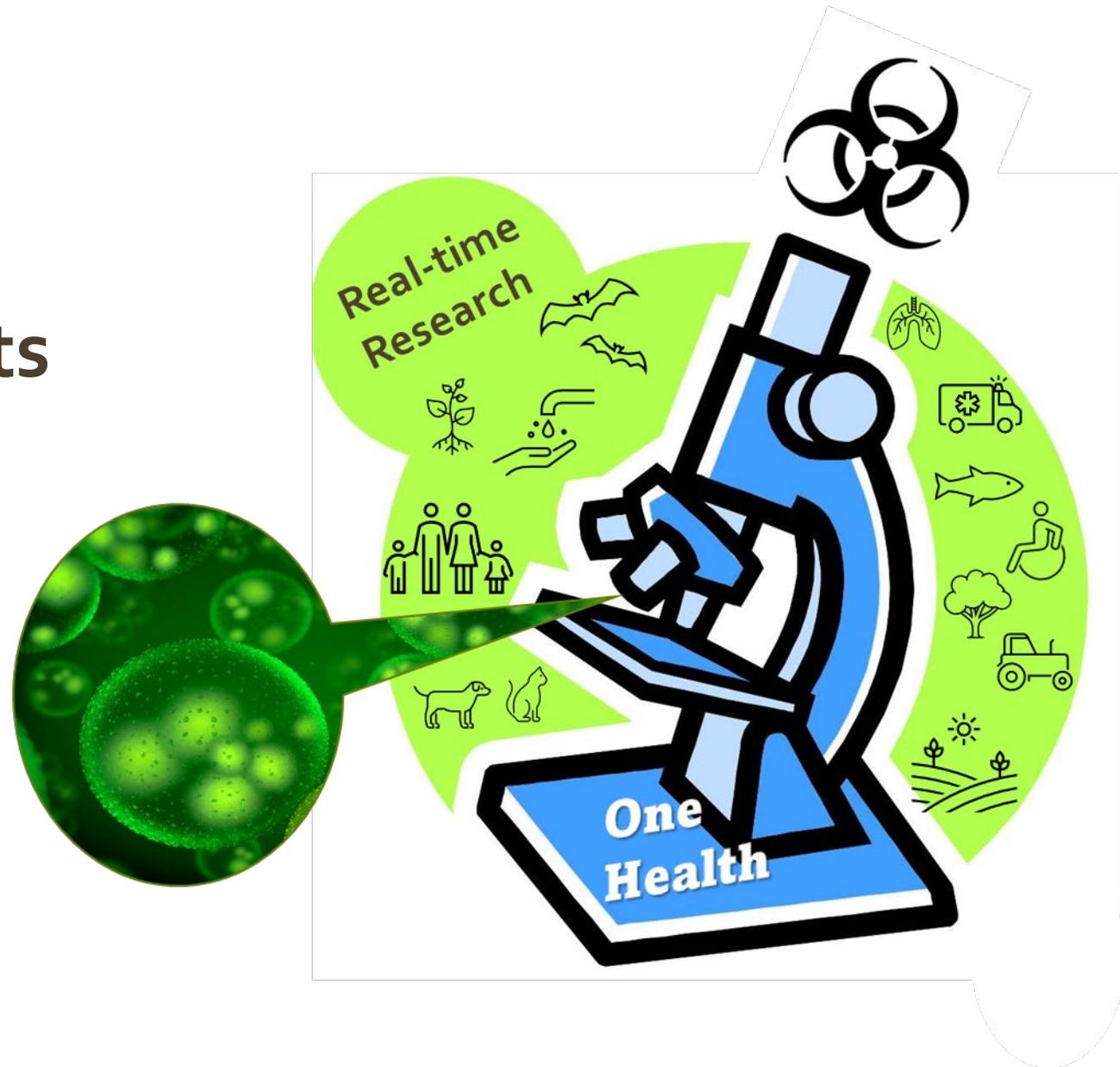


One Health Real-time Research Framework for Bioincidents

Dr. Tonya Nichols, PhD
Center for Environmental Solutions and Emergency Response
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

CAPT Brianna Skinner, DVM, MPH, DACLAM
Office of Counterterrorism and Emerging Threats
U.S. Food and Drug Administration

November 2, 2022
DOD One Health Webinar Days



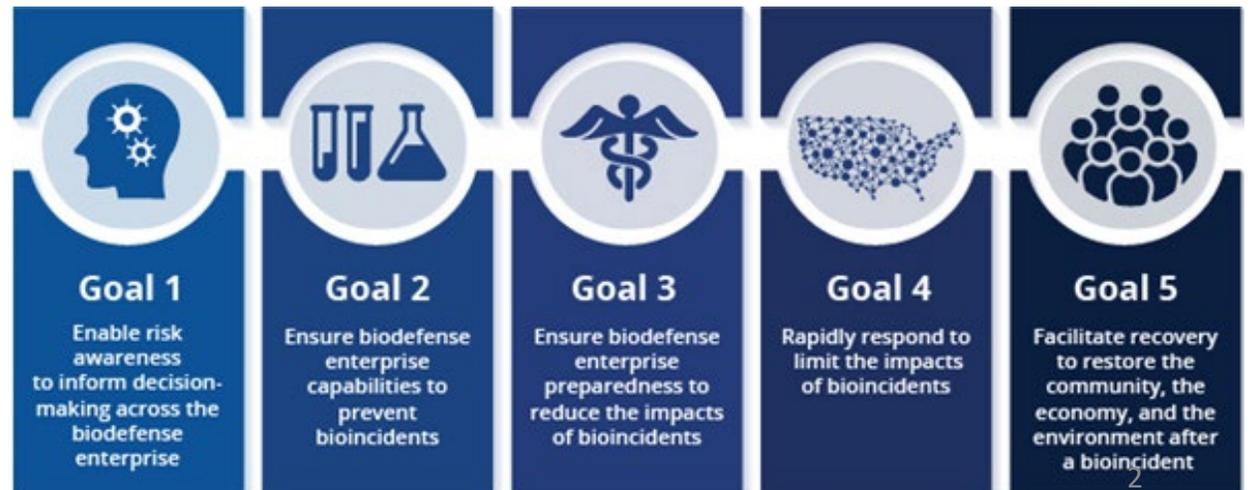
NATIONAL BIODEFENSE STRATEGY AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

FOR COUNTERING BIOLOGICAL THREATS, ENHANCING
PANDEMIC PREPAREDNESS, AND ACHIEVING GLOBAL
HEALTH SECURITY

OCTOBER 2022

A One Health Approach Reduces the Occurrence and Impact of Bioincidents.

Implementing a coordinated One Health approach is a best practice for understanding, communicating, and mitigating biological threats swiftly and efficiently.



One Health

Plants

Animals

Humans

Environment

**Real-time Research
Framework for Bioincidents**

One Health

National Biodefense Strategy

**Goal 4.1.3. Coordinate Real-Time
Research for Response**

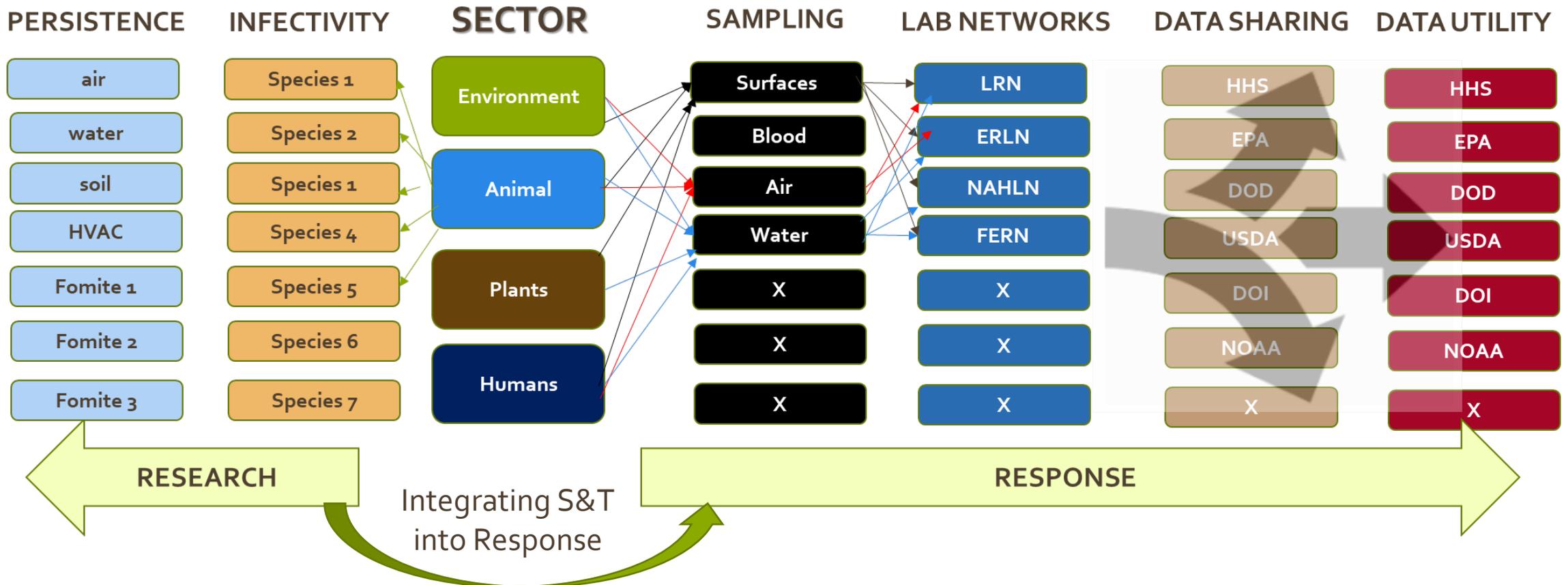
Develop and implement an integrated, adaptive, and flexible federal One Health research agenda that coordinates real-time federal and public and private sector research to support rapid domestic response and mitigation, within fourteen days of the determination of a nationally or internationally significant biological incident

...OSTP – NSTC – Health Security Threats Subcommittee charged with delivering a framework (anticipated Winter 2023)

ENDGOAL:

One Health Implementation for Response Research

leveraging expertise and resources to provide timely data and solutions for response decisions

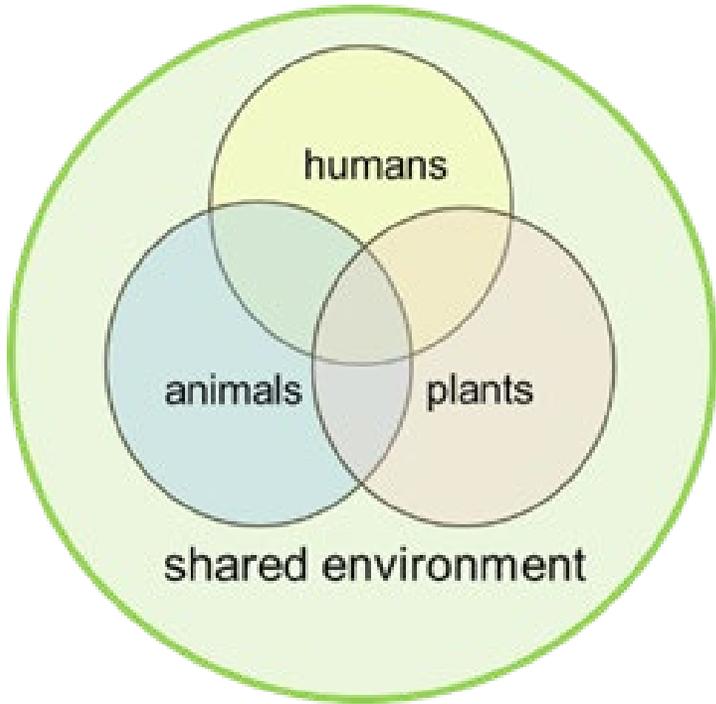


NSTC Project Leads:

Tonya Nichols (EPA)

CAPT Brianna Skinner (FDA)

(COL Jennifer Kishimori – retired)



Sector Leads:

Environment - Lance Brooks, Eletha Roberts (EPA)

Plants – Tim Widmer, Jack Okamuro (USDA)

Animals – Cyril Gay (USDA), Camille Hopkins (USGS)

Humans – Lisa Hensley (NIH->USDA), Milena Lolic (FDA)

Integration – Blair Budd (EPA)

Overwhelming support /interest: Approximately 130 SMEs have volunteered from 13 different Departments and Agencies

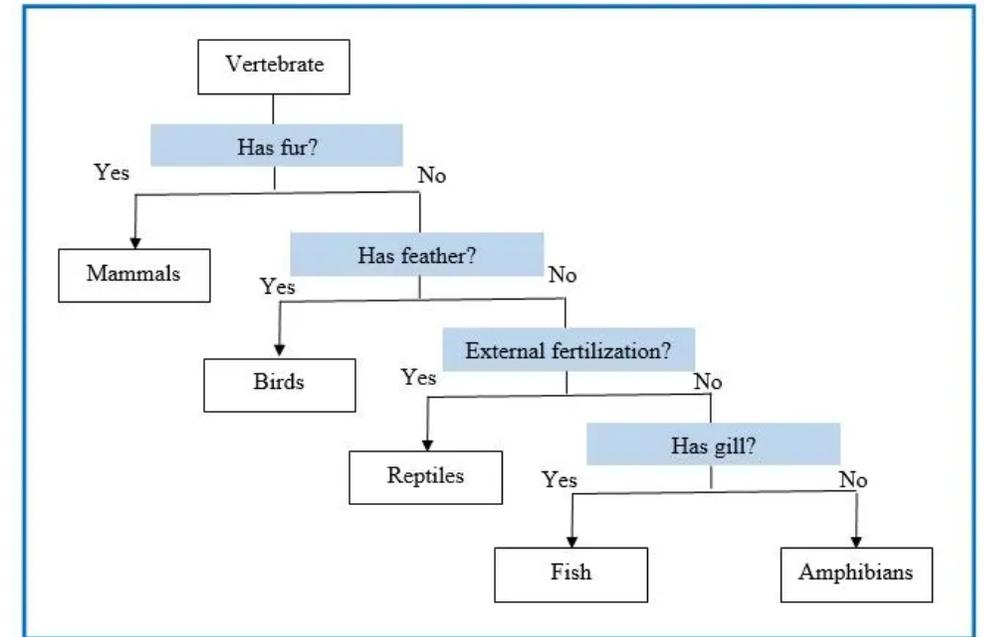
Phases of Project Development:

- Phase 1: Develop Research Sector Keys for Incident Data Needs
- Phase 2: Workshops to exercise Sector Keys
- Phase 3: Finalize One Health Framework
for Realtime Bioincident Response Research

Sector Research Keys → OH Research Response Chart → OH Integrated Bioincident Worksheet

What is a Research Sector Key?

- A systematic, easily followed step-by-step logic tree that identifies research needed by each One Health sector (Human, Animal, Plant, and Environment) to respond to emerging or on-going bioincident.
- Research questions formatted similarly to taxonomic keys



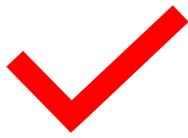
EXAMPLE of Sector Key:

One Health Research Response
Plant Diseases
May 10, 2021

1. Is the causal agent known?		
1a. No	.....	Conduct Research
1b. Yes	.....	2
2. What is the dispersal mechanism?		
2a. Unknown	.....	Conduct Research
2b. Direct (Soil, Seed, Plant material)	.....	3
2c. Indirect (Vectored, Wind, Water, Humans)	.....	4
3. Are disinfectants/soil fumigants known?		
3a. No	.....	Conduct Research
3b. Yes	.....	15
4. Control measure target?		
4a. None known	.....	Conduct Research
4b. Vector/Pathogen	.....	5
4c. Resistant varieties/cultivars	.....	9
5. What is the nature of the control measure?		
5a. Insecticides	.....	6
5b. Antimicrobials	.....	7
5c. Biological Control agents	.....	8
5d. Biotechnology	.....	10
6. Are there insecticides available that can control the vector?		
6a. No	.....	Conduct Research
6b. Yes	.....	15
7. Are there antimicrobials available that can control the pathogen?		
7a. No	.....	Conduct Research
7b. Yes	.....	15
8. Are there commercially available products?		
8a. No	.....	Conduct Research
8b. Yes	.....	15
9. Is resistant plant material readily available for dissemination?		
9a. No	.....	Private Industry
9b. Yes	.....	Implement
10. What is the application of the biotechnology?		
10a. Plant material	.....	11
10b. Vector/Pathogen	.....	14
11. Is there genetically modified (GM) plant material available that is resistant?		
11a. No	.....	Conduct Research
11b. Yes	.....	12
12. Is GM plant material registered for release and human consumption?		
12a. No	.....	FDA, EPA, APHIS
12b. Yes	.....	13
13. Is GM plant material readily available for dissemination?		
13a. No	.....	Private Industry, EPA
13b. Yes	.....	Implement
14. Is there a current biotechnology option ready for use?		
14a. No	.....	Conduct Research
14b. Yes	.....	15
15. Are any currently labelled for use?		
15a. No	.....	EPA, FDA, APHIS
15b. Yes	.....	Implement

15. Are any currently labelled for use?

15a. No EPA, FDA, APHIS
15b. Yes Implement



Phase 1: Develop Sector Keys for Incident Data Needs

Human Sector

Lisa Hensley
Milena Lolic

Animal Sector

Cyril Gay
Camille Hopkins

Plant Sector

Tim Widmer
Jack Okamuro

Environment Sector

Lance Brooks
Eletha Roberts

One Health Real Time Research – Human sector key v2.5
December 05, 2021

- Is the disease currently recognized in humans (or has been previously)?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Conduct research
- Has the CDC case definition been created?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Conduct research
- Has the agent(s) causing disease been identified?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Conduct research
- Has the genome of the agent(s) been characterized and released?
 - No Conduct research
 - Yes Inform response
- Has the agent(s) or related agent(s) causing disease previously been observed in humans or animals?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Inform response
- Is there evidence that the agent is weaponized?
 - No Inform response.
 - Yes Conduct forensic research (DHS)
- Is there evidence that the agent is genetically modified?
 - No Inform response.
 - Yes Conduct forensic research (DHS)
- Was the release of the agent a natural event?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Inform response
- Was the release of the agent accidental?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Inform response
- Was the release of the agent deliberate?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Inform response

One Health Real Time Research - Animal Sector Final Draft
Animal Diseases
November 30, 2021

- Is disease present in animals?
 - No 4
 - Yes Conduct research
- Is agent zoonotic?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes 3
- Is zoonotic transmission occurring?
 - Unknown Conduct research
 - Yes Conduct research
- Potential for reverse zoonosis?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes Conduct research
 - Unknown Conduct research
- Is agent arthropod-borne?
 - No Inform response
 - Yes 17
- Was the release of the agent a natural event, accidental, or deliberate?
 - Natural 7
 - Accidental 7
 - Deliberate 7 and 27
- Are there sufficient data on pathogen biology to make reasonable mitigation/control decisions?
 - No Conduct research
 - Yes Inform response
- Is transmission route known?
 - No Conduct research
 - Yes Inform response
- What type of animals are affected?
 - Companion animals (CDC) Conduct research
 - Livestock/Agricultural animals (USDA) Conduct research
 - Captive wildlife Conduct research

One Health Research Response
Plant Diseases
November 2, 2021

- Can the causal agent readily be identified and is there a diagnostic for detection of the pathogen and toxin?
 - No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
 - Yes 2
- Is the risk/impact potential known?
 - No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
- Is there reason to suspect an intentional release (agroterrorism)?
 - Yes Follow Protocol
 - No 2
- Is there sufficient data on pathogen biology to make reasonable mitigation/control decisions?
 - No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
 - Yes 3
- What is the dispersal mechanism(s)?
 - Unknown Conduct Research
 - Direct (soil, seed, plant material) 4
 - Indirect (vectored, wind, water, humans, cargo, etc.) 5
 - Both direct and indirect dispersal 4 and 5
- Are plant material disinfectants/soil fumigants known?
 - No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
 - Yes 10
- Pathogen/Vector control measures?
 - None known, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
 - Commercially available countermeasures 10
 - Resistant varieties/cultivars 6
 - Biotechnology 9
 - Integrated cultural management practices 11
- Is resistant plant material readily available for dissemination?
 - No known sources of resistance Conduct Research
 - No, but traits are present in pre-breeding materials Private Industry
 - Yes, but materials are genetically modified/edited 7
 - Yes, but materials have not been screened for efficacy in US. Implement/Research 7
 - Yes Implement
- Is GM plant material registered with EPA and approved for release and human consumption?
 - No FDA, EPA, APHIS
 - Yes 8
- Is there sufficient GM/GE plant material readily available for dissemination?
 - No Private Industry, EPA
 - Yes Implement
- Is there a current known biotechnology option that can be used to control vector/pathogen?
 - No Conduct Research

One Health Research Response
Environment
December 6, 2021

Notification/First Response:
Confirm the Biological Agent in the environment

- Is the causal agent(s) known or is information limited?
 - No Conduct Research
 - Yes 2

*Should also determine if there is a possibility of more than one agent (e.g., bacterium+bacterium or bacterium+viral)?
- Is this a natural, accidental, or intentional outbreak?
 - Unknown Conduct Research
 - Known Informs Response
- If this is an intentional release, is the dispersal mechanism known?
 - Unknown Conduct Research
 - Known Informs Response
- Is it stable/persistent in the environment?
 - Not known Conduct Research
 - Known Informs Response
- Agent natural or engineered/manipulated?
 - Unknown Conduct Research
 - Yes Informs Response

[attribution, worker safety]
- Agent antimicrobial resistant (AMR)?
 - Unknown Conduct Research
 - Known Informs Response
- Is the transmission mechanism(s) known (Between Human, Animal, Plant, and Zoonotic) known?
 - No Conduct Research
 - Yes Informs Response
- Is the exposure mechanism(s) (Vector, Fomite, Wind, Water, Soil) known?
 - No Conduct Research
 - Yes Informs Response



Phase 2: Workshops to exercise Sector Keys

One Health Real Time Research - Human sector key v2.0
December 05, 2021

1. Is the disease currently recognized in humans (or has been previously)?
1a. No Inform response
1b. Yes Conduct research
2. Has the CDC case definition been created?
2a. No Inform response
2b. Yes Conduct research
3. Has the agent(s) causing disease been identified?
3a. No Inform response
3b. Yes Conduct research
4. Has the genome of the agent(s) been characterized and released?
4a. No Conduct research
4b. Yes Inform response
5. Has the agent(s) or related agent(s) causing disease previously been observed in humans or animals?
5a. No Inform response
5b. Yes Conduct research
6. Is there evidence that the agent is weaponized?
6a. No Inform response
6b. Yes Conduct research
7. Is there evidence that the agent is genetically modified?
7a. No Inform response
7b. Yes Conduct research
8. Was the release of the agent a natural event?
8a. No Inform response
8b. Yes Conduct research
9. Was the release of the agent accidental?
9a. No Inform response
9b. Yes Conduct research
10. Was the release of the agent deliberate?
10a. No Inform response
10b. Yes Conduct research

**One Health Research Response
Plant Diseases**
November 2, 2021

- 1.1. Can the causal agent readily be identified and is there a diagnostic for detection of the pathogen and host?
1a. No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
1b. Yes 2
- 1.2. Is the risk impact potential known?
1.2a. No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
1.2b. Yes 2
- 1.3. Is there evidence to suspect an intentional release (agroterrorism)?
1.3a. No Follow Protocol
1.3b. Yes 2
2. Is there sufficient data on pathogen biology to make reasonable mitigation control decisions?
2a. No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
2b. Yes 3
3. What is the dispersal mechanism(s)?
3a. Unknown Conduct Research
3b. Direct (soil, seed, plant material) 4
3c. Indirect (vector, wind, water, human, cargo, etc.) 5
3d. Both direct and indirect dispersal 4 and 5
4. Are plant material distribution and shipment known?
4a. No, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
4b. Yes 10
5. Pathogen/vector control measures?
5a. None known, or key knowledge gaps Conduct Research
5b. Commercially available control measures 10
5c. Research operation culture 4
5d. Biotechnology 9
6. Is resistant plant material readily available for dissemination?
6a. No, known control management practices 11
6b. No, but trials are present at grow breeding materials Conduct Research
6c. Yes, but materials are genetically modified/edited Private Industry
6d. Yes, but materials have not been screened for efficacy in US Implement Research
7. Is GM plant material registered with EPA and approved for release and human consumption?
7a. No EPA, EPA, AFIS
7b. Yes Implement
8. Is there sufficient GMQ plant material readily available for dissemination?
8a. No Private Industry, EPA
8b. Yes Implement
9. Is there a current known biotechnology system that can be used to control vector/pathogen?
9a. No Conduct Research
9b. Yes 10

One Health Real Time Research - Animal Sector Field Draft
Animal Diseases
November 16, 2021

1. Is disease present in animals?
1a. No A
1b. Yes Conduct research
2. Is agent zoonotic?
2a. No Inform response
2b. Yes Conduct research
3. Is zoonotic transmission occurring?
3a. Unknown Conduct research
3b. Yes Conduct research
4. Potential for reverse zoonosis?
4a. No Inform response
4b. Yes Conduct research
4c. Unknown Conduct research
5. Is agent anthropo-zoonotic?
5a. No Inform response
5b. Yes 17
6. Was the release of the agent a natural event, accidental, or deliberate?
6a. Natural ?
6b. Accidental ?
6c. Deliberate ? and 27
7. Are there sufficient data on pathogen biology to make reasonable mitigation/control decisions?
7a. No Conduct research
7b. Yes Inform response
8. Is transmission route known?
8a. No Conduct research
8b. Yes Inform response
9. What type of animals are affected?
9a. Companion animals Conduct research
9b. Livestock/Agricultural animals Conduct research
9c. Wildlife Conduct research

**One Health Research Response
Environmental**
December 6, 2021

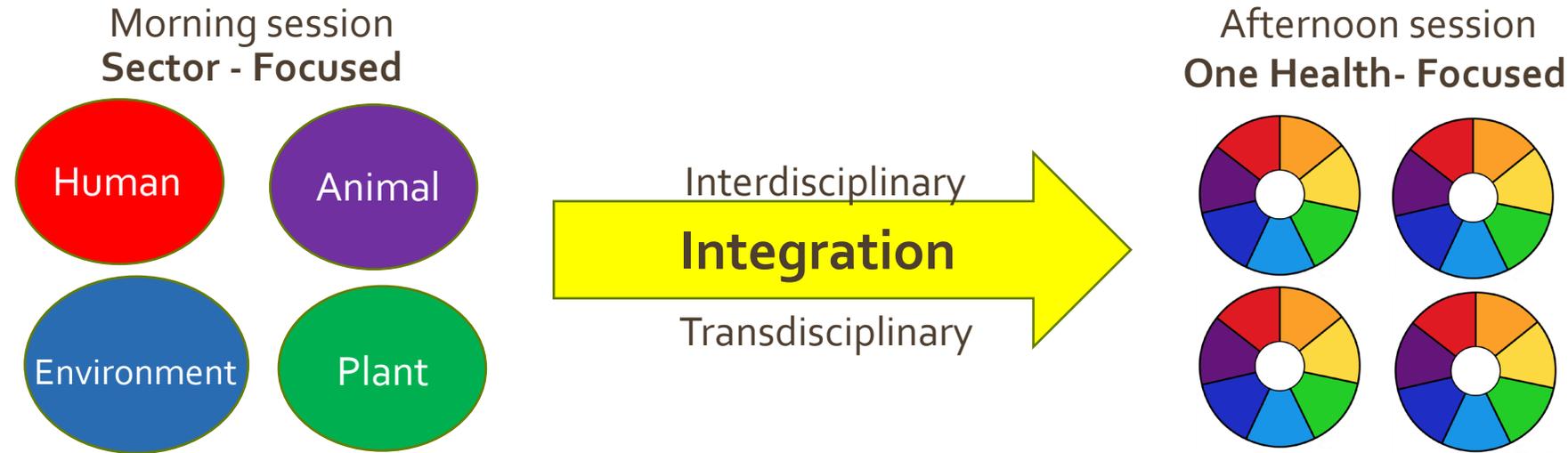
**Notification Plan Response
Confirm the Biological Agent in the environment**

1. Is the causal agent(s) known or is information limited?
1a. No 2
1b. Yes "Should also determine if there is a possibility of more than one agent (e.g., bacteria/biotoxins or bacteriophage)"
2
2. Is this a natural, accidental, or intentional outbreak?
2a. Unknown Conduct Research
2b. Known Inform Response
3. If this is an intentional release, is the dispersal mechanism known?
3a. Unknown Conduct Research
3b. Known Inform Response
4. Is it stable/persistent in the environment?
4a. Not known Conduct Research
4b. Known Inform Response
5. Agent isolated or sequenced/implicated?
5a. Unknown Conduct Research
5b. Yes Inform Response
(Attribution, vector/suscept)
6. Agent antimicrobial resistant (AMR)?
6a. Unknown Conduct Research
6b. Known Inform Response
7. Is the transmission mechanism(s) known (Between Humans, Animal, Plant, and Zoonotic)?
7a. No Conduct Research
7b. Yes Inform Response
8. Is the exposure mechanism(s) (Vector, Fomite, Wind, Water, Soil) known?
8a. No Conduct Research
8b. Yes Inform Response

1. Zoonotic Outbreak
(Avian Influenza)
2. Ag Scenario
(Aflatoxin)

Integrated
One Health
Research
Agenda
based on
Scenario

One Health Real-time Research Framework Workshop



Using the Sector Keys:

- Identify the data gaps that are impeding response decisions.
- Which sectors need this data?
- Is there research that is on-going to fill in the data gap?
- Does research need to be stood-up to fill the data gap for a timely response?
- Near-term, Intermediate, or Long-term research?

Build a One Health Research Agenda for this Incident

- What data is needed? By whom?
- How can we work together to conduct needed research for sector(s) and response decisions?
- Who has the research facilities for experiments?
- Who else do we need to coordinate with?
- What are the challenges (authorities, regulations, funding, etc.) that may impact research?
- How do we coordinate and communicate research results? Information sharing networks?
- What are the social and economic impacts?

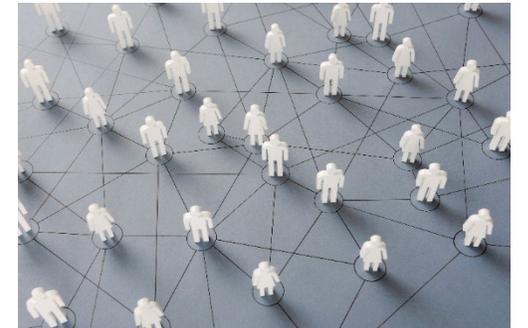
Phase 3 : Finalize One Health Framework for Realtime Bioincident Response Research

- One Health Research Response Chart
- One Health Integrated Bioincident Worksheet



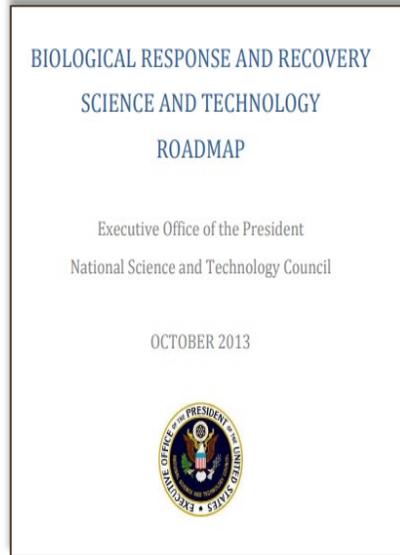
One Health Research Response Chart

- Updating the (2013) NSTC Biological Response and Recovery S&T (BRRST) Roadmap Chart
- Aligning with the Response goals and objectives in the 2022 National Biodefense Strategy and Implementation Plan
- One Health Approach to Bioincident Research Response
 - Begins with Agent Characterization in all sectors
 - Recognizing individual sector roles and responsibilities
 - Incorporating Community Health in the research paradigm
- Each table row lists a summary of proposed research activities to conduct when coordinating assessments of impacts, implementing strategies, and informing interagency response mechanisms across One Health sectors.



Sector Research Keys → **OH Research Response Chart** → OH Integrated Bioincident Worksheet

Updating OSTP BRRST 2013



Response and Recovery					
Crisis Management		Consequence Management			
Notification	First Response	Characterization	Decontamination	Clearance	Restoration/ Re-occupancy
Initiate first response activities, including notification of proper authorities	Operational Coordination Law enforcement, intelligence, and investigative response When and how to distribute medical countermeasures Recommend staying-in-place or evacuation	Develop/ implement strategies for characterization in facilities and the outdoors Implement strategies and procedures to identify, stabilize, and maintain infrastructure and property Determine requirements and methods to protect natural and cultural resources Implement strategies and means to contain and mitigate the spread of contamination and eliminate sources of further distribution (e.g., insecticides for flies)	Decontaminate outdoor areas and/or buildings Decontaminate wide areas Implement required capabilities for sustained environmental decontamination operations Implement decontamination waste handling requirements Decontaminate critical infrastructure	Provide guidance for determination of effectiveness of decontamination	Provide guidance for re-occupancy and reuse criteria and goals Provide guidance for controls to implement, reduce, mitigate any potential exposures or future incidents after re-occupancy Implement public messaging to instill confidence in the public and workforce that re-occupancy is safe Implement measures to retain, maintain and improve the economic vitality of a region Implement long term health treatment, intervention and surveillance strategy
Develop a public-engagement campaign	Recommend quarantine/isolation/social distancing				
Evaluate Threat Credibility	Implement transportation restrictions Provide safety and health guidance and protections to impacted first responders and citizens Issue guidance on personal hygiene or decontamination Provide support for mass casualty Establish mass medical treatment facilities Implement modified standards of care				

Figure 1. Key Response and Recovery Decisions



Tasks are aligned with 2022 NBS

One Health
Real-time
Research Agenda



One Health Approach to Biological Incident Response					
Consequence Management					
Clarification of authorities and roles for response operations in accordance with BINA, NRF-ESFs, BIA, Food/Ag Annex, SLTT operational plans and government regulations.					
Establish and implement communications plans incorporating internal and external lines of communications (D/A, ICS, FSLTT, industry, academia, and public)					
Establish and/or enhance integrated biosurveillance networks across impacted sectors to monitor spread of disease in communities and regions.					
Develop, implement, and update as needed, a coordinated, transparent, United States Government real-time research response agenda tailored to biological incident					
Agent Characterization	Human Health Response	Animal Health Response	Plant Health Response	Environmental Health Response	Community Health Response
Genotypic and phenotypic characterization of the causal agent	Identify high-risk groups or populations to prioritize targeted interventions	Identification of susceptible animals species (domestic and wild) and risk of spillover (ie., zoonotic potential)	Identification of susceptible plants	Assess risks for potentially contaminated areas, infrastructure, and assets; coordination of sampling and analysis and analytical laboratory capacity	Identification of Cross-Sector Interdependencies
Assessment of transmission routes, potential reservoirs and susceptible hosts	Make available at scale vaccines, therapeutics, diagnostics, and PPE and support their effective use in all impacted populations.	Identification of diagnostic assays	Identification of...	Stablize and maintain infrastructure and property	

One Health Integrated Bioincident Worksheet

- Designed to illustrate the integration, alignment, and synchronization of bioincident research operational activities among federal agencies and One Health domains.
- Research planning derived from sector keys and implementation efforts guided by the response and recovery charts are integrated on the worksheet using a One Health approach.
- The trending bioincident, location(s), agency roles, and points of contacts can be easily viewed and referenced.
- Agent characterization, impact potential, research and data collection methods, mitigation and containment measures, and risk analysis can be updated and augmented by agencies as necessary.

Sector Research Keys → OH Research Response Chart → OH Integrated Bioincident Worksheet

One Health Integrated Worksheet

Trending Incident:

Location:	
<i>National: State, Region, City</i>	
<i>International: County, City, Province</i>	

Point of Contact (Last name, First name)	Agency/ (Division, Branch, Office)	Authority or Role		Human	Animal	Environment	Plant	Notes:
		Lead	Support					
1.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
2.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
3.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
4.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
5.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
6.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
7.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
8.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
9.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
10.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
11.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
12.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
13.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
14.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
15.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
16.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
17.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
18.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
19.		<input type="checkbox"/>						
20.		<input type="checkbox"/>						

DRAFT

Pathogen/agent host or source:	Human	Animal	Environment	Plant
Endemic or Foreign	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Pathogen Name			Pathogen Type			
Genus	Species	Subspecies/Variant	Human	Animal	Environment	Plant
			Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
			Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
			Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

Isolate source(s):	Human	Animal	Environment	Plant
	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.

One Health Integrated Worksheet

	Human	Animal	Environment	Plant
Method of Data Collection:				
Method of data analysis (quantitative, qualitative, mixed method, other)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Laboratory test (e.g., pathology, toxicology, chemistry, gene sequencing, persistence, disinfection, decontamination, efficacy)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Clinical/Research setting of sample collection (e.g., hospital, clinic, mobile unit, abattoir, government facility [FSLTT], university, extension, private industry, diagnostic lab, other, etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Clinical/Research Setting of sample testing (e.g., hospital, clinic, mobile unit, abattoir, government facility [FSLTT], university, extension, private industry, diagnostic lab, other, etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Field assessment (e.g., environmental monitoring, biosurveillance, mapping, modeling etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Database (reports, bibliographic, recordings, video, clinical records)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Social media (specify site)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Observations (ethnographic, statistics, reports)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Interviews (focus groups, surveys, polls)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Method of Spread:				
Type of release: Intentional (e.g., deliberate release); unintentional (e.g., man-made accidental release); naturally occurring (e.g., by common or emerging presence).	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Mode of transmission/dispersal (specify in notes section): Direct [e.g., physical contact through bite, scratch, body fluid, fecal-oral, water, soil, seed, plant material, etc.]; Indirect [e.g., vectored, parasitic, water, air/wind, fomites, sporulation, cargo, etc.]	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Containment/Mitigation Measures:				
Type of containment (e.g., engineering controls, quarantine, isolation/self-isolation, depopulation, decontamination, disinfection, sterilization, social distancing, tray restrictions, contact tracing, PPE, agent countermeasures [vaccine, drugs], waste disposal and management, etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Critical infrastructure needing containment/mitigation measures (e.g., health sector, emergency services, food and agriculture sector, educational sector, commercial facilities, transportation sector, dams, waste and wastewater systems, etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Impact Potential:				
Geographical scale (select "other" and specify in note section if more than one choice)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Population/Ecosystem/Environment impacted (e.g., rural, urban, industrial, agricultural, transportation venue, educational venue, sporting venues, educational settings, field crops, nursery/ornamental crops, etc.)	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Economic (specify type in notes section): Direct [property, assets, infrastructure] or indirect [cost, production, services, etc.]	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Specify items or resources impacted (products, trade, communications, transportation, etc.).				
Risk Analysis:				
Risk assessment methods (e.g., identify hazards or conditions leading to occurrence of risks for one or more domains [qualitative, quantitative, vulnerability-based, threat-based]).	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.	Choose an item.
Risk management implementation: specify actions that eliminate or reduce risk to an acceptable level for each domain (e.g., vaccinations, decontamination, environmental				

NSTC One Health Real-time Research Framework for Bioincidents

**Questions?
Comments?
Suggestions?**



DISCLAIMER

The views expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views or policies of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or U. S. Food and Drug Administration.

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