

Air Pollutant Source Investigation using Next Generation Emission Measurements and Models;

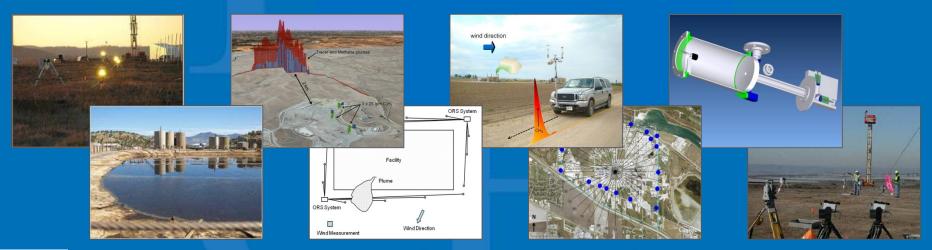
Early Case Studies of 1,3-Butadiene Emissions in Louisville, KY

NEIC 2018 Tech Summit, Denver CO, August 21, 2018

E.D. Thoma^{1*}, R. Duvall¹, I. George¹, T. Wu¹, H. Brantley^{1**}, D. Whitaker², K. Oliver², N. Carlton-Carew³, J. Spann³, T. Bell³, P. Deshmukh⁴, J. Cansler⁴, T. Cousett⁴, A. Cooley⁵, S. Gravatte⁵, K. Zimmerman⁵, B. Dewitt⁵, B. Paris⁵, W. Tang⁶, TK.A. Chou⁷, D. Chung⁷, T. Wu⁷, M. Farquhar⁸, A. Quijano⁸, M. Scholl⁸

¹EPA ORD NRMRL, RTP, NC; ²EPA ORD NERL, RTP, NC; ³EPA Region 4, Atlanta, GA; ⁴Jacobs Technology (EPA contract EP-C-15-008), RTP, NC; ⁵ Louisville Metro APCD, Louisville, KY; ⁶ARA Environmental, RTP, NC; ⁷Tricorntech Corporation, Taipei City, Taiwan; ⁸Envirosuite, New South Wales, Australia

Disclaimer: The views expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views or policies of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Any mention of trade names, products, or services does not imply an endorsement by the U.S. Government or the EPA. The EPA does not endorse any commercial products, services, or enterprises.



Office of Research and Development
National Risk Management Research Laboratory, Air and Energy Management Division

NRMRL Fugitive and Area Source Group Source and Fenceline Measurements Methods and Technology Development

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Presentation Topics

- Rubbertown NGEM Demonstration Study (background)
- Instruments, sensors, and lab samples
 - Louisville APCD GC, Tricorntech field GC,
 - SPods, canisters, and passive samplers
- 1,3-butadiene measurement events
 - February 24-26, and May 7 (source close by, to the northeast)
 - June 19 (source far away, to the south, southwest)
- Combining measurements and models to locate the source
 - SPod concentration rose
 - Enhanced EnviroSuite modeling
 - Temporally combined trajectory analysis
 - Los Alamos QUIC model
- Summary and next steps

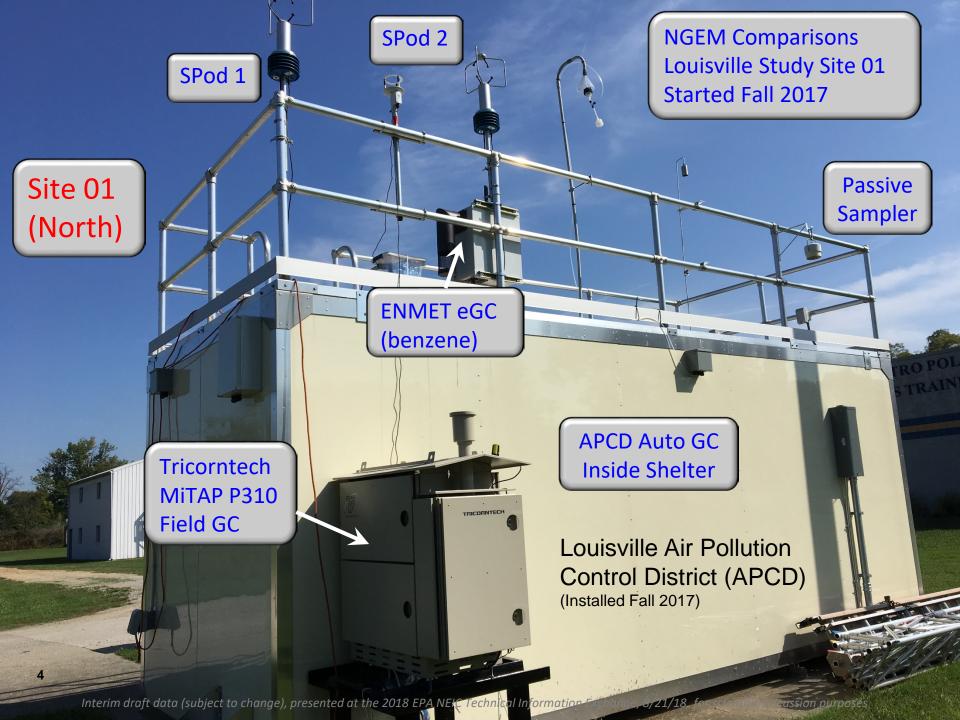
NGEM = next generation emissions measurements

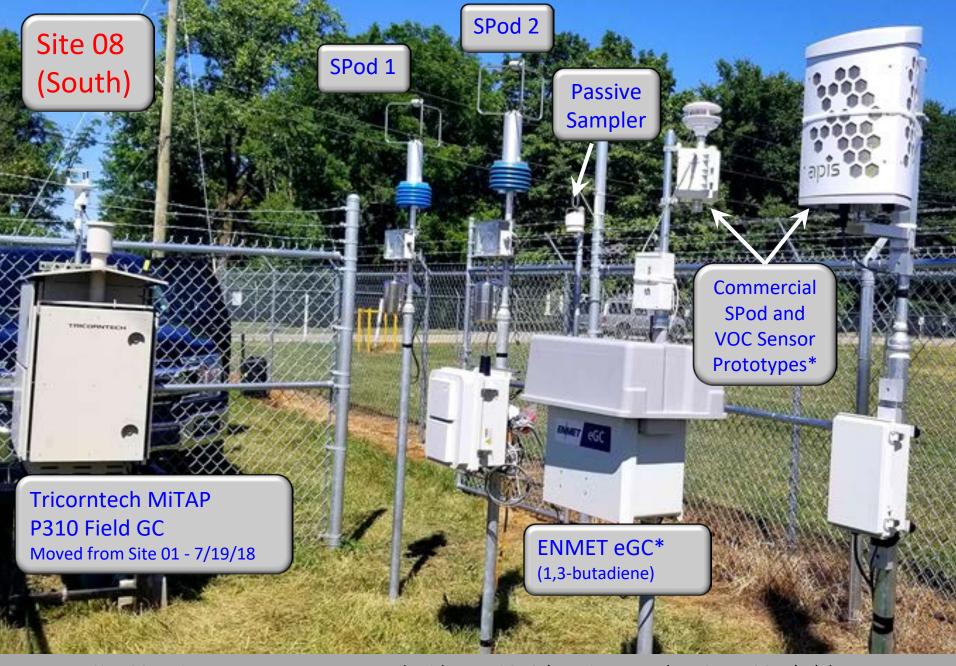


Rubbertown NGEM Demonstration Project **Brief Background**

- What is the project focus?
 - Prototype NGEM system near Rubbertown facilities
 - Select gas-phase air pollutants
 - Started September 2017 and will continue as funding allows
- What do we want to do?
 - Work together to try new NGEM approaches and learn about air pollution sources in Louisville (research)
- Who is involved in this project?
 - EPA Office of Research and Development (ORD), EPA Region 4,
 Louisville Air Pollution Control District (APCD), and Jacobs
 Technology (EPA contractor), technology providers







Site 08 active measurements started mid-June 2018 (passive samplers Sept. 2017); *denotes experimental sensors for development comparisons only (not official data until QA approval)

Louisville APCD Auto-GC - Site 01

CAS No.	Compound
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile
71-43-2	Benzene
75-25-2	Bromoform
106-99-0	1,3-Butadiene
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride
67-66-3	Chloroform
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene
75-09-2	Methylene chloride (Dichloromethane)
	1000





30 min cycle time (22 min air sample)
Dual GC (FID), 30 m columns
System is being developed/validated
Near real-time data target, late 2018

Interim draft data

subject to cha

presented at th

Tricorntech MiTAP P310 - Site 01

United States
Environmental Protection
Agency

(moved to Site 08 in July 2018)

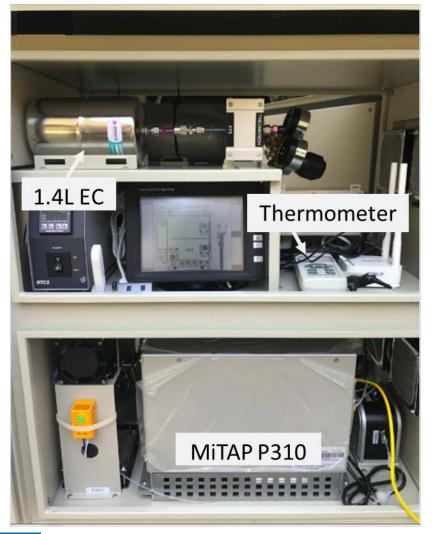


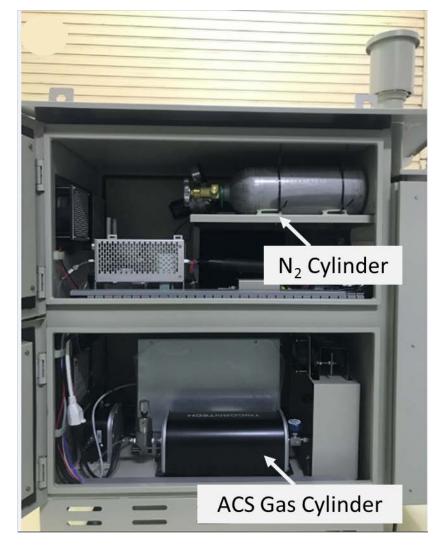
- Mid-cost field auto GC (no trailer required)
- 1 hr cycle time (15 min air sample)
- Fan-cooled enclosure, heated inlet
- Proprietary sorbent and sensor array
- On-board calibration cylinder
- Triggered canister grab sample
- Integrated meteorological measurements
- Method detection limits in the 0.1 to 0.3 ppbv range (compound dependent)
- Target list of 12 compounds for Rubbertown Study (customizable)
- 1,3-butadiene, BTEX, vinyl chloride, others

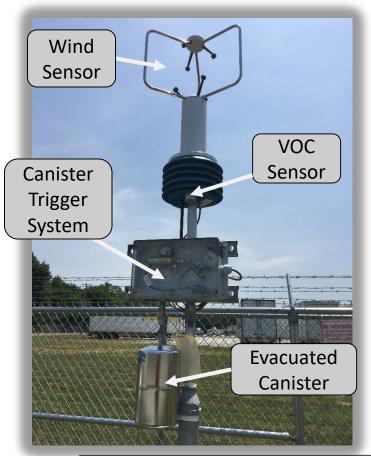


Tricorntech MiTAP P310 - Site 01

(moved to Site 08 in July 2018)







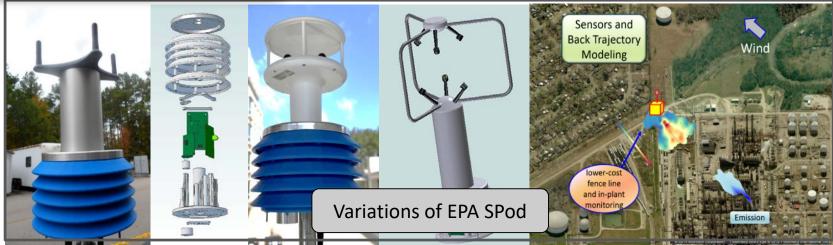
<u>SPod-type Fenceline Sensors</u>

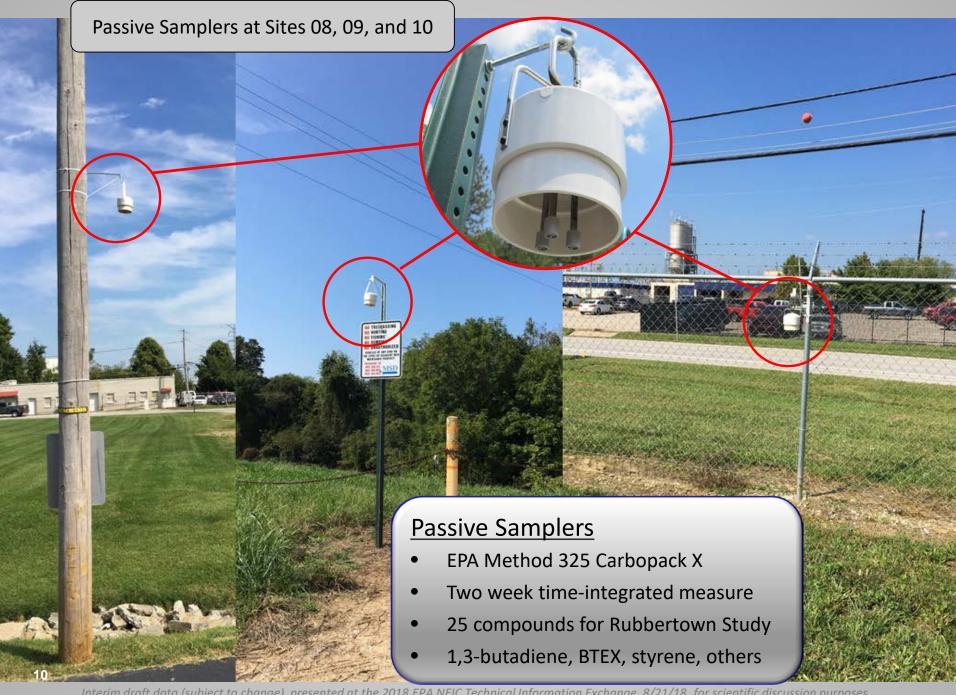
- Non-speciated VOC emission sensor
- Synchronized wind field measurement
- 1Hz time resolution
- Data ready for inverse models
- Can be solar-powered
- Auto canister grab sample for lab speciation
- EPA open-source design

More Info



https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-04/documents/spod_fact_sheet.pdf

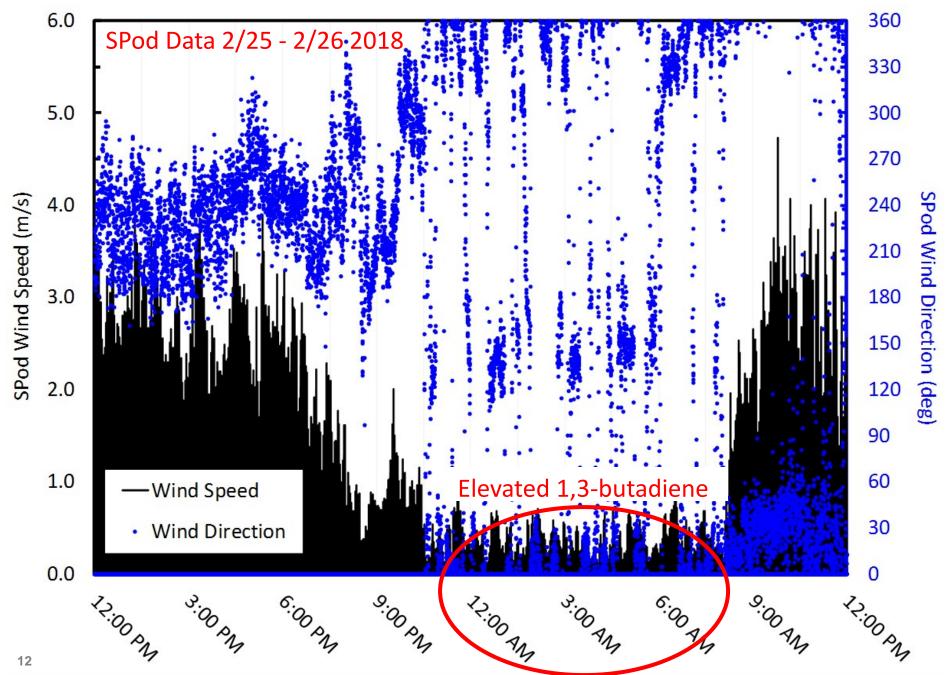




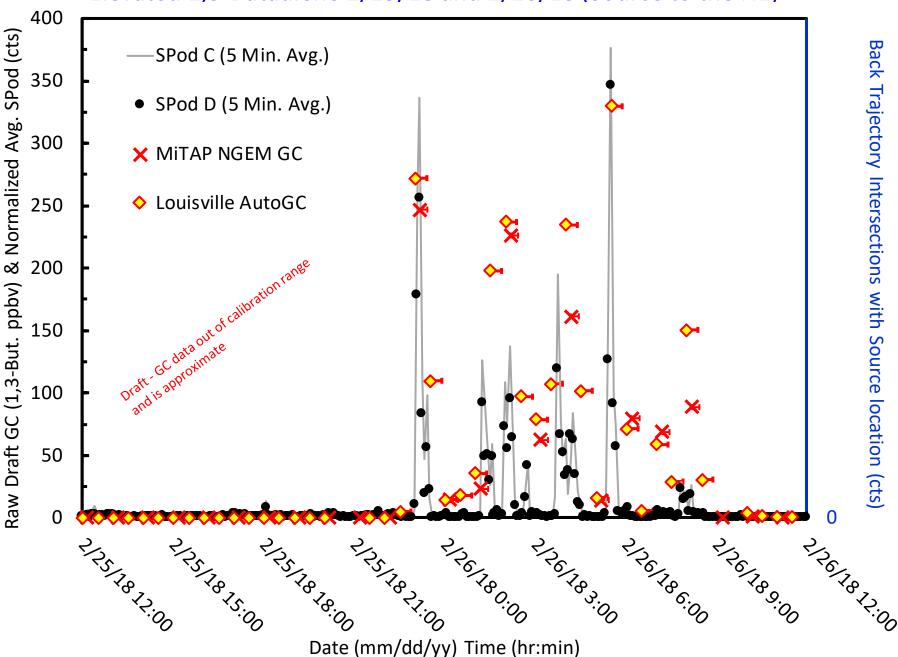


1,3-Butadiene February 24-26 and May 7, 2018 Events

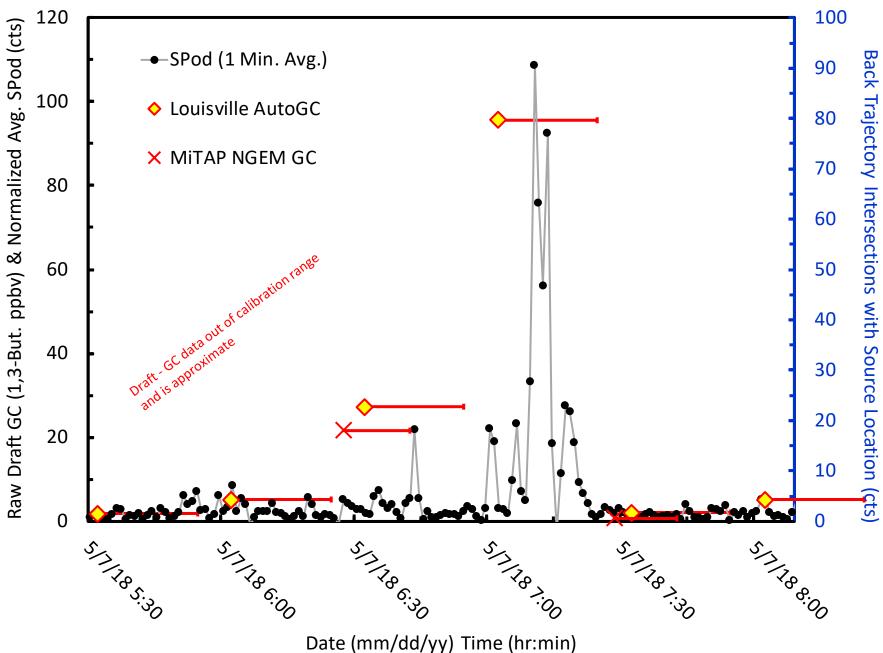
- February 24-26, 2018 (focus on the late 2/25 to morning 2/26)
 - More significant events (compared to 5/7/18)
 - Observed by multiple NGEM systems
 - Source is close by and to the northeast (not from facilities)
 - Occurred after multiple days of heavy rain (area flooding)
 - Low wind speed conditions yielded high concentrations
- May 7, 2018
 - Less significant event (brief)
 - Observed by multiple NGEM systems
 - Very similar source location as February events
 - Occurred after heavy rain



Elevated 1,3-Butadiene 2/25/18 and 2/26/18 (Source to the NE)

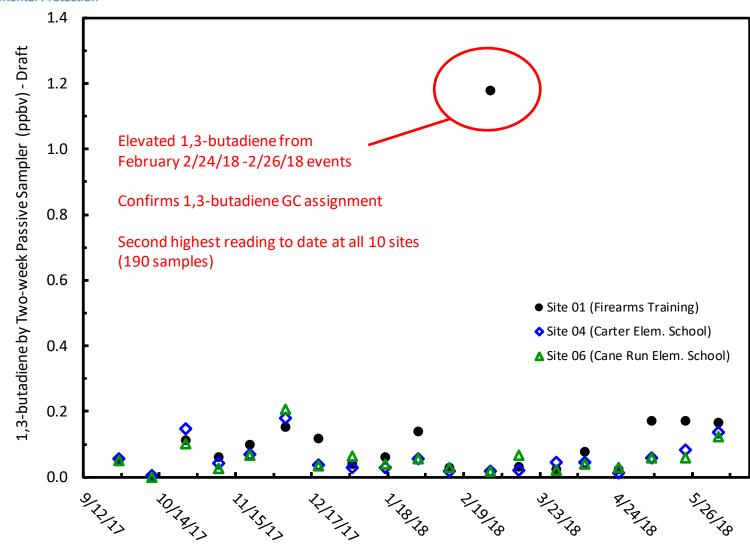


Elevated 1,3-Butadiene 5/7/18 (Source to the NE)





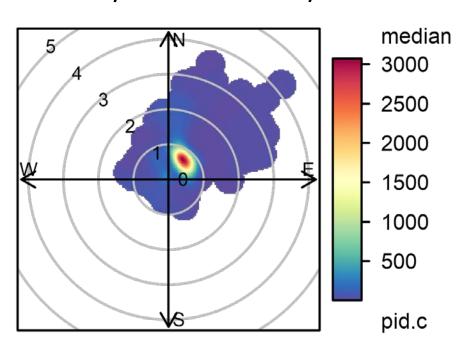
Preliminary 1,3-Butadiene Passive Sampler Data for Sites 01, 04, and 06 - 19 Two-week Sampling Periods



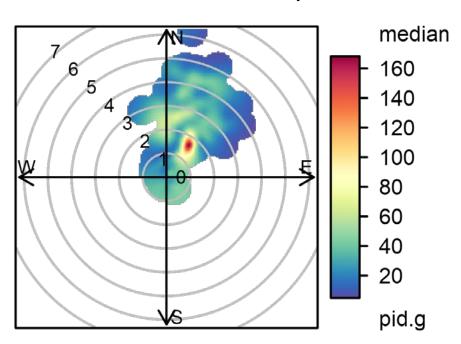


Site 01 - SPod Concentration Roses for 2/25/18 - 2/26/18 and 5/7/18 Elevated 1,3-Butadiene Events

10 PM 2/25 to 11 AM 2/26

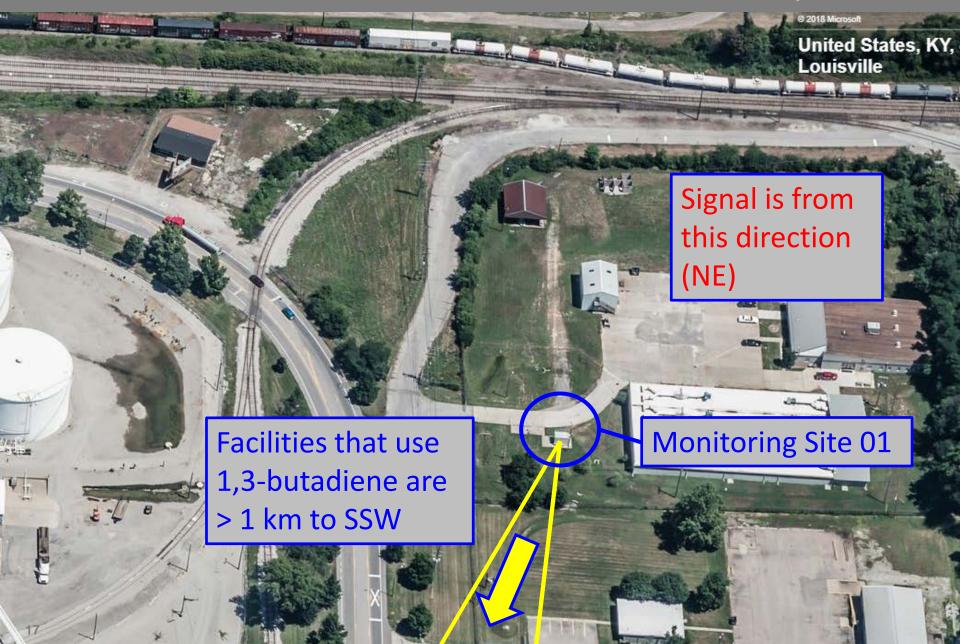


12 AM to 12 PM on 5/7

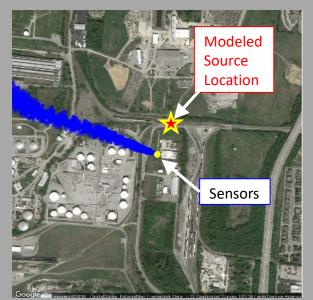


Elevated 1,3-Butadiene (source to the northeast)

Elevated 1,3-Butadiene Feb 24-26 and May 7



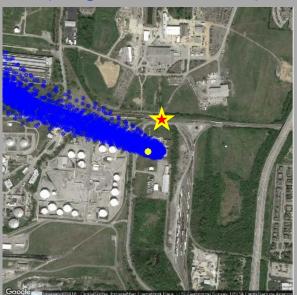
10:30 PM before event



11:55 PM (no signal)



10:45 PM before event (stagnant at Site 01)



2:05 AM high reading



11:05 PM event start (stagnant at source)



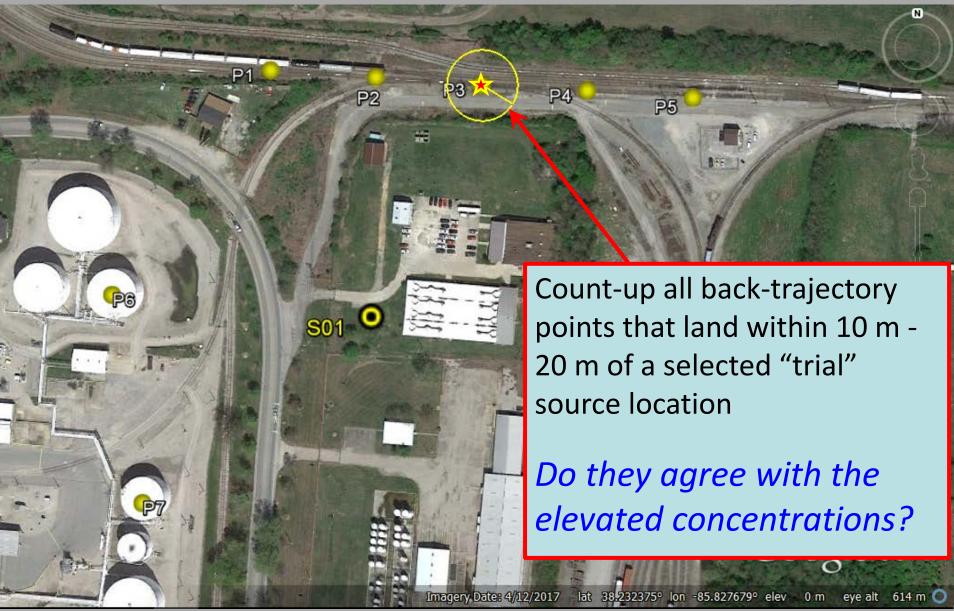
5:25 AM high reading

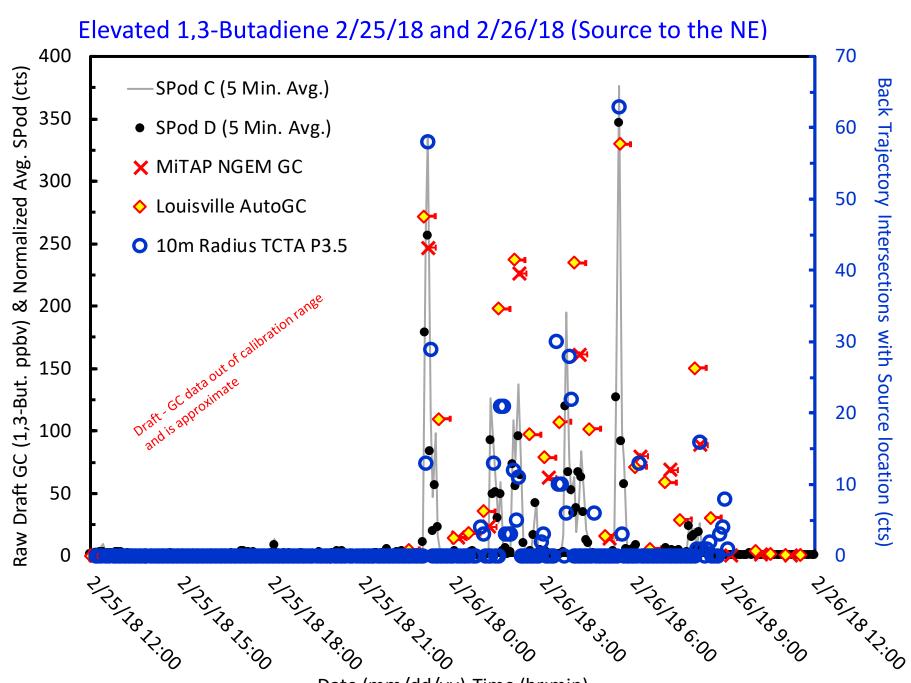


What is "underneath" each EnviroSuite average back-trajectory model run?

N= 99 stochastic back-trajectories for each 5 minute modeled period

Temporally Combined Trajectory Analysis (TCTA) Mathematically combine all 5-minute model runs from 2.5 days

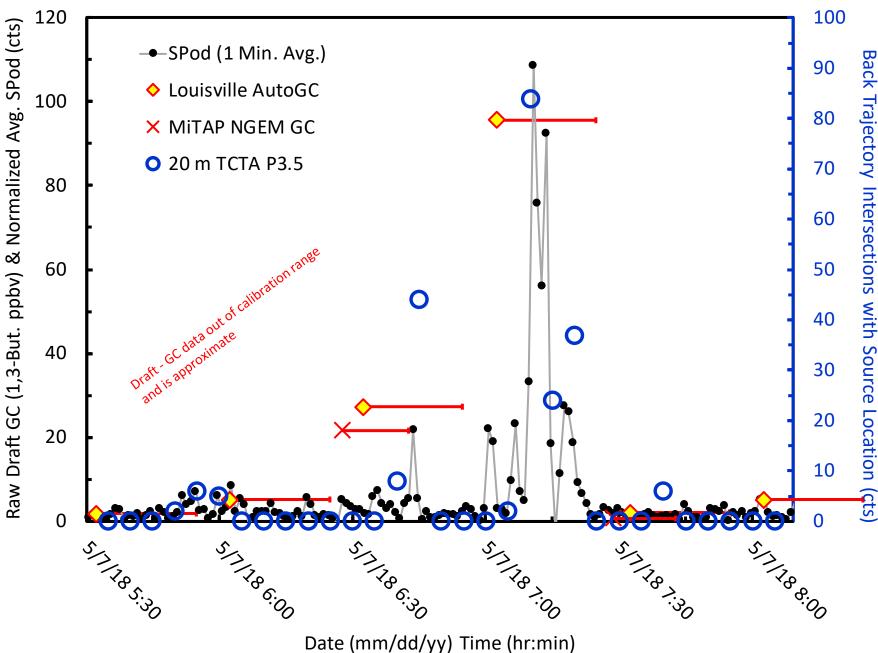




Date (mm/dd/yy) Time (hr:min)

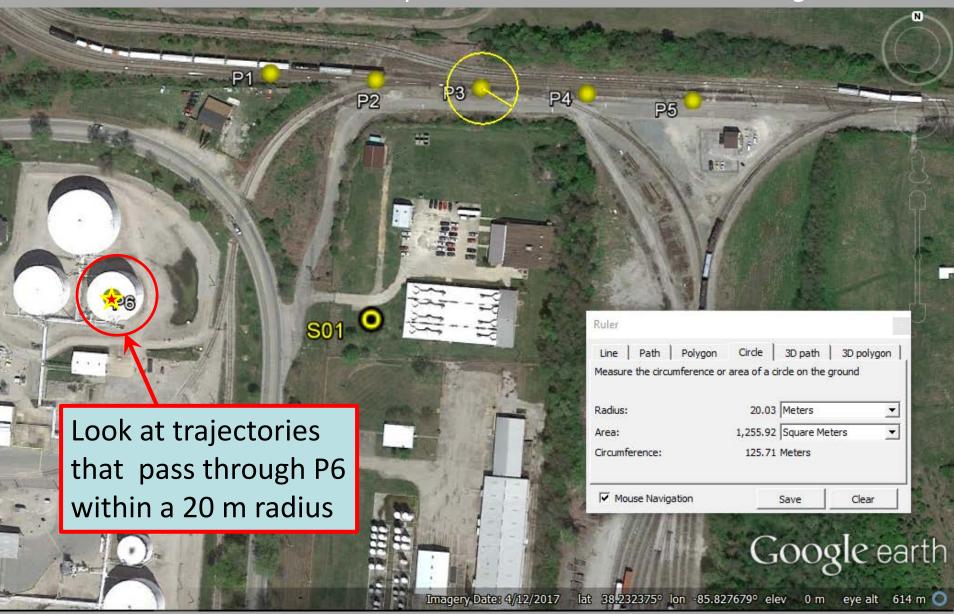


Elevated 1,3-Butadiene 5/7/18 (Source to the NE)

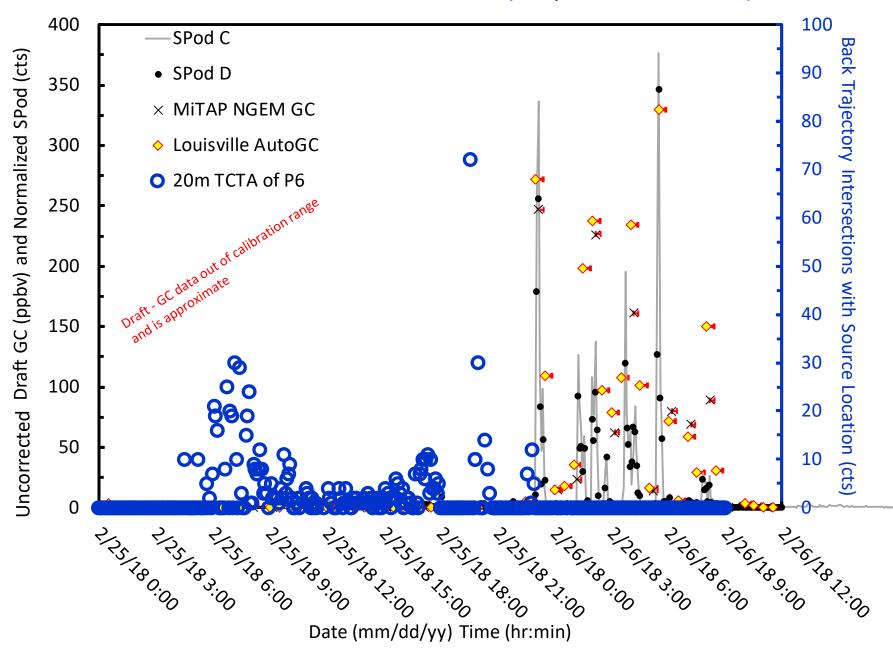




Temporally Combined Trajectory Analysis (TCTA) Can also show that a potential source is not emitting

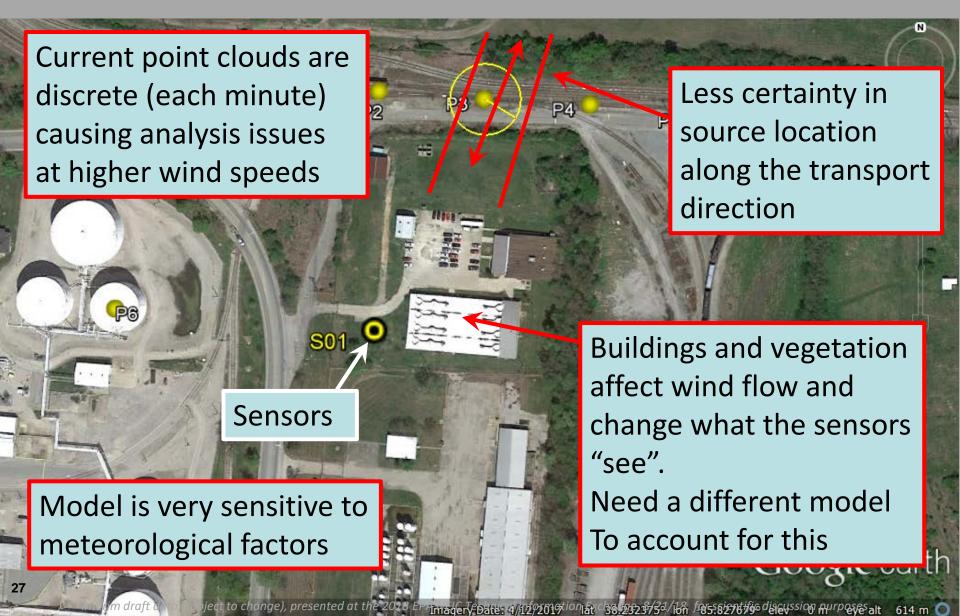


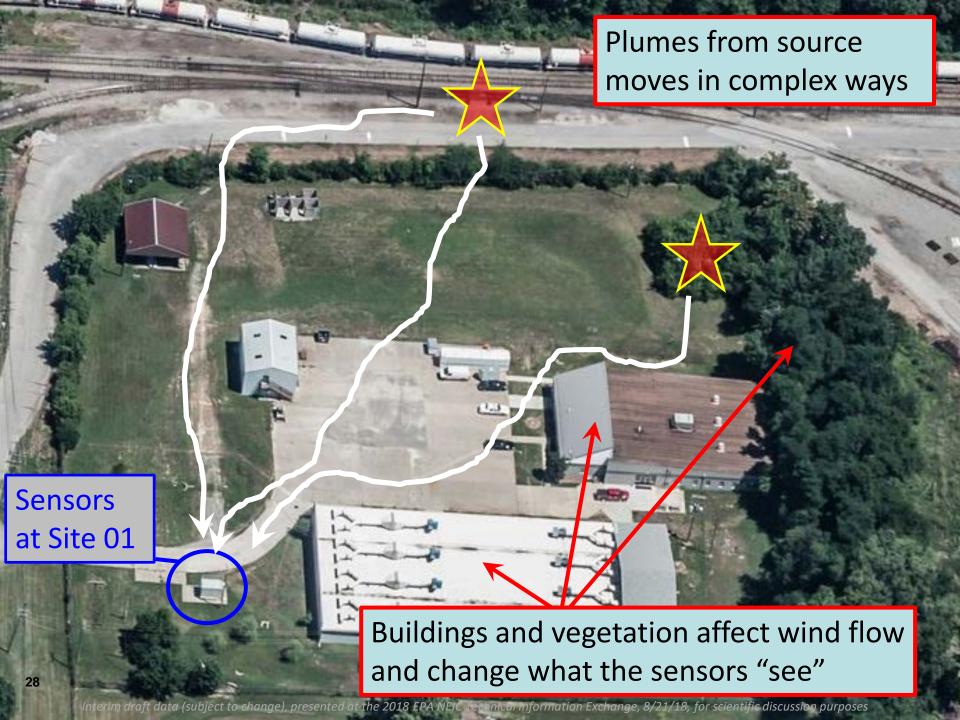
TCTA Screen of Potential Tank Source (Only SPod is Relevant)



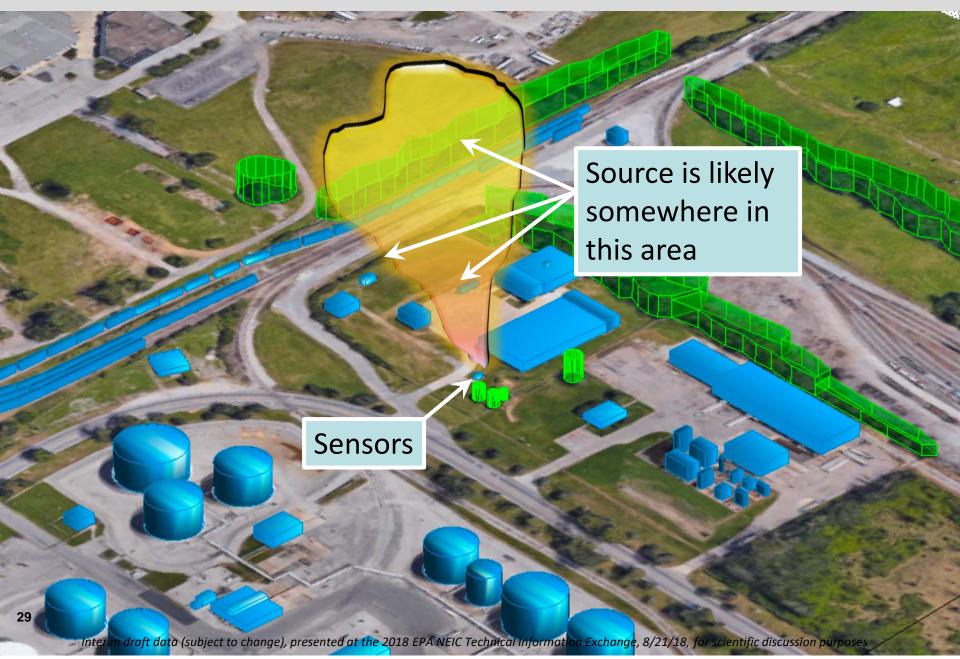
The Current TCTA Idea Has Several Issues

(Areas for future investigation)

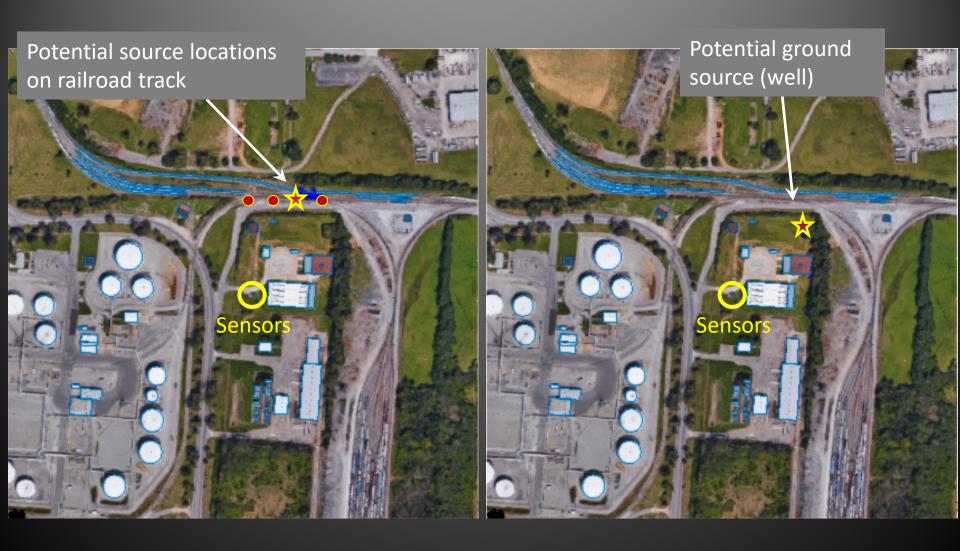




Quick Urban & Industrial Complex (QUIC) Dispersion Model Developed by Los Alamos National Lab [http://www.lanl.gov/projects/quic/]



QUIC Model of Two Different Modeled Source Locations 1.5 hrs of event on 2/25/18

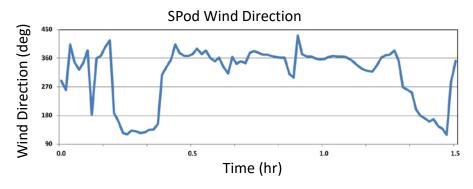


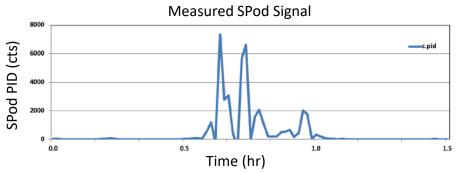
QUIC model of two different locations to the NE 1.5 hours of event on 2/25/18

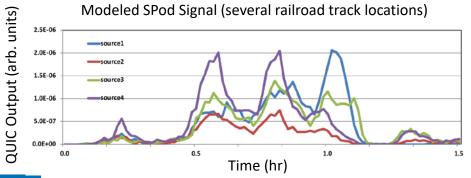
Working on improving site topographical accuracy

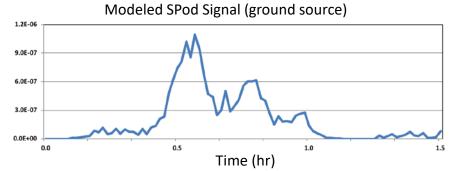
Agency

Environmental Protection







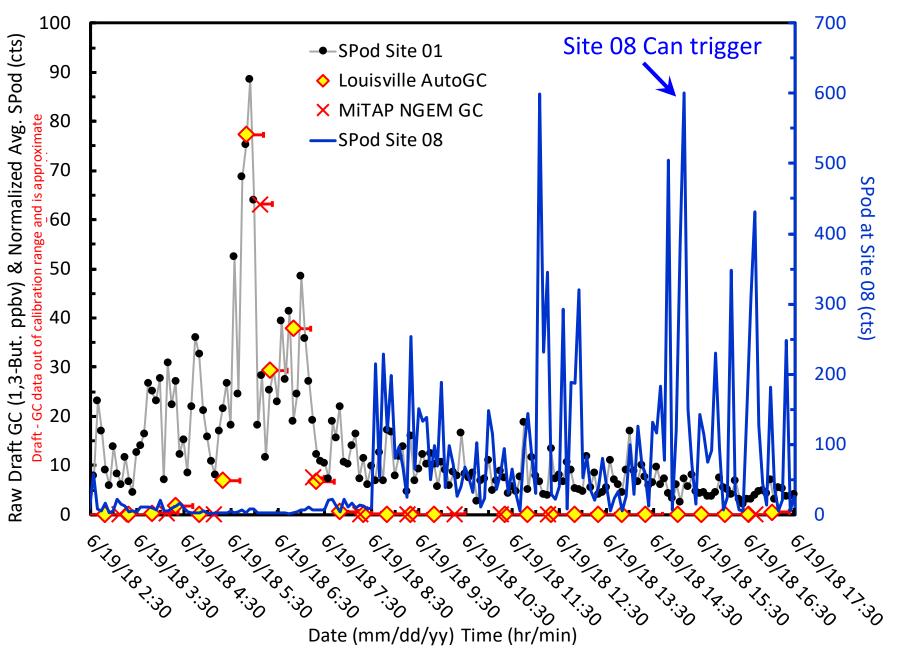




1,3-Butadiene June 19, 2018

- Observed from Site 01 in early morning
 - Measured by multiple NGEM systems
 - Source is to the south
 - 1,3-butadiene and cyclohexane observed simultaneously
- Observed at Site 08 later in morning
 - Observed by SPods (only sensors installed at that time)
 - Source is to the southwest
 - Auto canister indicates similar speciation to Site 01
 - Issues with back-trajectory modeling (close to ground SPods)

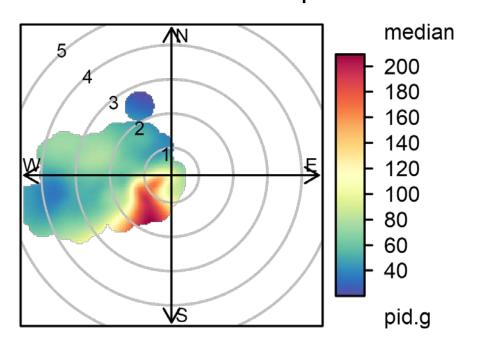
1,3-Butadiene June 19, 2018 - Sites 01 and 08



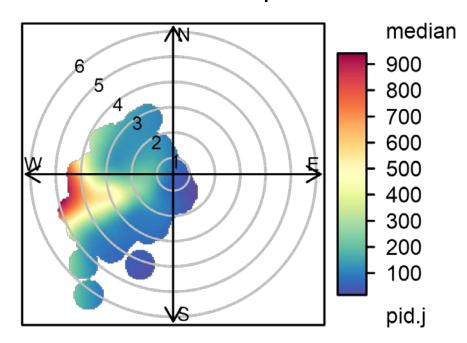


SPod Concentration Roses for 6/19/18 from Site 01 and Site 08 - Elevated 1,3-Butadiene Event

Site 01 - 12 am to 12 pm

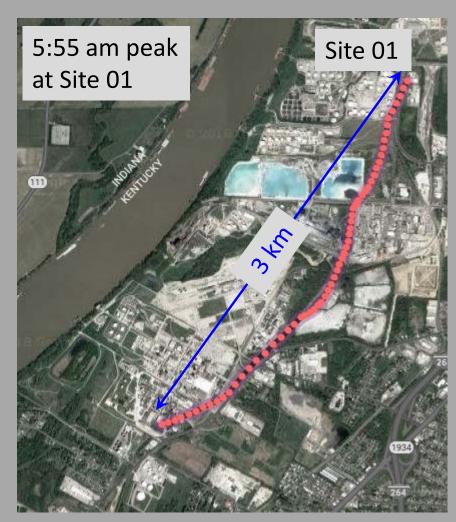


Site 08 - 6 am to 6pm



Due to misalignment to true north, the SPods at Site 08 were rotated by about 8 degrees (west to north) on July 17, 2018 (adjustment not reflected in this image)

EnviroSuite Back-trajectory for 6/19/18 from Site 01 Peak at 5:55 am, Site 08 at 12:05 pm

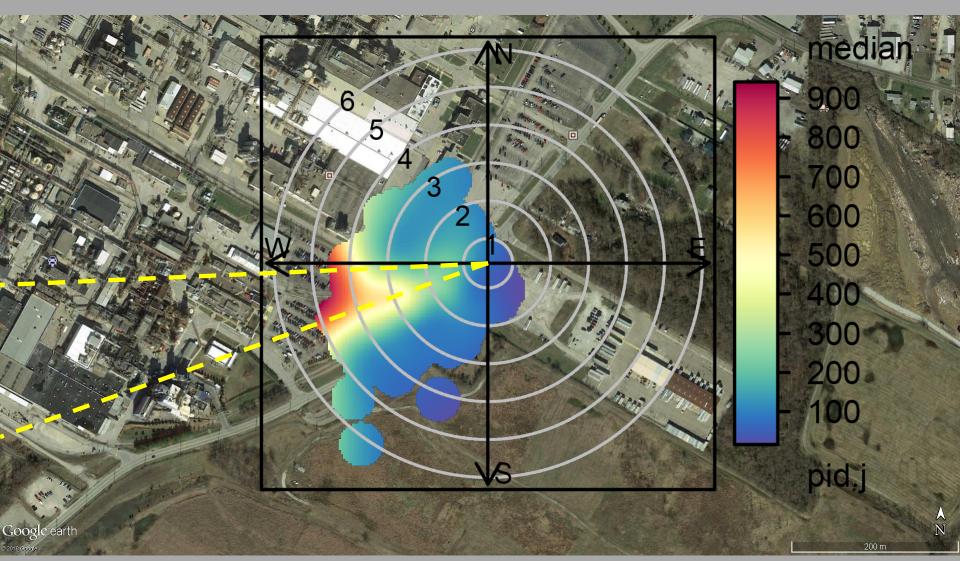


10 m met. tower at Site 01



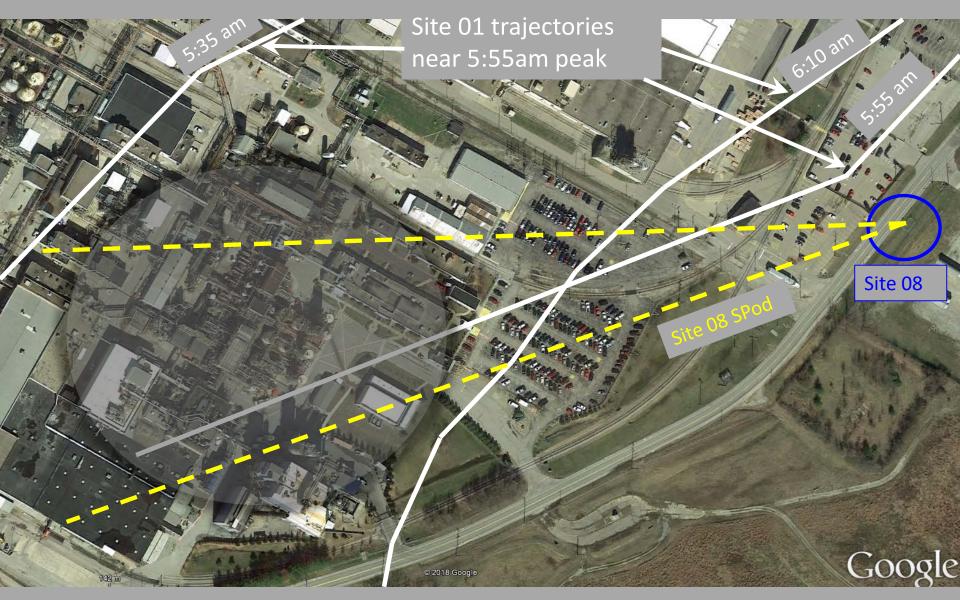
2.5 m SPod met. at Site 08 (higher uncertainty)

Site 08 SPod Concentration Rose, 6 AM to 6 PM on 6/19/18



The SPods at Site 08 were rotated by about 8 degrees west to north on July 17, 2018 (adjustment not reflected in this image)

Site 01 Back-trajectories with Site 08 Concentration Rose - 6/19/18





Summary and Next Steps

- Rubbertown Project is in process and is helping to advance NGEM equipment and inverse models (much work remains)
- Three high 1,3-butadiene events were described in draft form (work continues to understand these events)
- Investigation continues as to the possible identity of the source north of Site 01
- Work continues to improve real-time information and inverse model understanding (optimal meteorological requirements)
- Further integrate speciation data (GC at Site 08, canisters, passive samplers) on multiple temporal and spatial scales