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ISO Standards Update

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ISO (International Organization for Standardization)

TC (Technical Committee) 285 Clean Cookstoves and Clean Cooking Solutions

- Working Group 1 Conceptual Framework
- Working Group 2 Laboratory Testing
- Working Group 3 Field Testing
- -Working Group 4 Social Impact Assessment
- -Task Group 1 Communications
- -Task Group 2 Fuels
- -Task Group 3 Title and Scope





TC 285 Working Groups

WG 1 – Conceptual Framework

Tami Bond, Convenor; Philip Lloyd, Project Leader (Terms & Definitions)

- Stakeholder survey, completed
- -Terms & definitions, DTR (draft technical report)
- -Conceptual Framework, PWI (preliminary work item)
- WG 2 Laboratory Testing

Richard Ebong, Convenor; Jim Jetter, Project Leader (Parts 1 and 3)

- Part 1, Standard test sequence, emissions, efficiency, safety, and durability
 DIS (draft international standard)
- -Part 2, Contextual test sequence, PWI
- Part 3, Voluntary performance targets, DTR



TC 285 Working Groups

WG 3 – Field Testing

Convenor: Ryan Thompson

- -Guidance on field testing methodsCD (committee draft)
- WG 4 Social Impact Assessment
 - -Guidance on social impact assessmentWD (working draft)



ISO Lab and Field Testing Protocols

Based on

- Best practices from existing protocols
- -Knowledge/experience of Working Group experts
- Methodology in related sectors

Trade-offs

- -Cost
- -Reflection of actual use
- Statistical power





Cookstove Testing

Laboratory Testing



Photo credit: Agnes Naluwagga, CREEC (Centre for Research in Energy and Energy Conservation)

Field Testing



Photo credit: Michael Johnson, Berkeley Air Monitoring Group



Cookstove Testing

Laboratory Testing

- Lower cost (\$1,000 to \$8,000)
- More control of variables
- Less variable results
- Stationary equipment
- Less reflective of use

Field Testing

- Higher cost (\$10,000 to >\$100,000)
- Less control of variables
- More variable results
- Portable equipment
- More reflective of use



Driving Technology Improvement

Laboratory and field testing provides information and incentives for:

- Technology developers
- Manufacturers
- Distributors
- Consumers
- Governments and regulators
- Research institutes
- Donors





Relevance for Stakeholders

- Greater alignment in laboratory methodology and metrics around the world
- Adaptation of methodology and metrics to the wide variety of cookstoves, fuels, and cooking practices
- Stakeholders may:
 - -Adopt the standard or portions of the standard
 - Adapt the standard to meet needs
 - -Participate in further development of the standard