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# Nitrification (M68 Chapter 6)

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- What is nitrification?
- Causes of distribution system nitrification
- Indicators of nitrifications
- Responses to control nitrification
- Nitrification monitoring and control plan
- Case study

# Nitrification

• Two-step aerobic, biological process



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- Nitrifying bacteria
  - Ammonia oxidizing bacteria (AOB)
  - Nitrite oxidizing bacteria (NOB)
- Where does ammonia come from?

## Chloramines

- Utilities that use chloramines as a secondary disinfectant (AWWA, 2005):
  - 30% +
  - 8-12% contemplating conversion in future

 $\begin{array}{rcl} H0CI + NH_3 & \leftrightarrow & NH_2CI & + & H_20 \\ & monochloramine \end{array}$ 

- Chloramines decay in the distribution system which releases free ammonia
- Free ammonia can also be present in source waters (both groundwater and surface water)

# Causes of Nitrification of

- Presence of free ammonia
- Low CI:N mass ratio
- High water age
- Insufficient chlorine residual
  - pH, total organic carbon, bromide, etc.
- Warm temperature

# Examples of Nitrification of



# Examples of Nitrification

#### Consecutive System, LA



Parameters (during site investigations on 9/26/16)	Fill Cycle (water entering tank)	Drain Cycle (water exiting tank)		
Total chlorine (mg/L)	2.04	0.4		
Monochloram ine (mg/L)	1.47	0.07		
Free ammonia (mg/L as N)	0.40	0.26		
Nitrite (mg/L as N)	0.047	0.271		

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# Indicators of Nitrification 💩

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- Increase in nitrite and/ or nitrate
- Decrease in chloramine residual
- Change in free ammonia
- HPC increase
- Decrease in DO
- Decrease in alkalinity
- Increase in corrossivity

# Responses to Control Nitrification

- Localized flushing
- Drain and disinfect impacted storage tanks
- Temporary conversion to free chlorine
- System specific evaluation is needed to develop appropriate response plan

## Responses to Control Nitrification

#### **Tank Nitrification Event**



# Nitrification Monitoring and Control Plan

- Provides early indication of worsening distribution system water quality
- Allows adoption of proactive measures which are less resource intensive than reactive measures
- Regulatory requirement in several states

# Nitrification Monitoring and Control Plan

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- Objectives
- System details
- Monitoring plan
- Data analyses
- Benchmarks and action plans
- Response strategies
- Prevention strategies

## Nitrification Monitoring (M56 Chapter 7)

At WTP:

Table 7-2 Usefulness of water quality parameters at a treatment plant for nitrification monitoring

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Parameter/Upefulness				
Very Useful	Useful	Limited Usefulness		
Free chlorine	TOC	Hardness		
Total chiorine	Chloramine decay	Alkalinity		
Free ammonia-N		Nitrate-N <sup>1</sup>		
рн		Nitrite-N#		
Temperature		Total ammonia-N		

#### In Distribution System:

Table 7-3 Usefulness of water quality parameters for distribution system nitrification monitoring

Parameter/Usefulness				
Very Useful	Usefal	Limited Usefalness		
Total chiorine	Nitrate-N <sup>2</sup>	Dissolved oxygen		
Nitrite-N	Total ammonia-N	TOC		
Free ammonia-N	HPC-R2A	Hardness		
Temperature	рН	Alkalinity		
Free chlorine <sup>2</sup>	-	AOB <sup>4</sup>		

Means ACOD, assessments, and Halman hostspatian WOOD, taked assessments analysis

# Goals, Alert Levels, Action Levels

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### System specific levels need to be determined Example from one utility

Parameters	Goal	Alert Level	Action Level	
Total Chlorine	>1.5 mg/L	<1.0 mg/L	<0.3 mg/L	
Nitrite-N	<10 ug/L	>25 ug/L	>100 ug/L	
Free ammonia-N	<0.1 mg/L	>0.1 mg/L	>0.3 mg/L	
Temperature	monitor	>59₀F	NA	
<b>Optional Parameters</b>	Goal	Alert Level	Action Level	
Nitrate-N	NA	Increase of 0.3 mg/L	NA	
HPC (R2A)	<500 cfu/mL	>500 cfu/mL	NA	
рН	7.3	Decrease in 0.2 units	NA	

# Nitrification Prevention Strategies

- Control chlorine: ammonia-nitrogen mass ratio
- Minimize free ammonia leaving the WTP
- Maintain sufficient monochloramine residuals
- Provide good corrosion control
- Routinely clean storage facilities and distribution system piping
  - E.g. spot flushing in problem areas, UDF system-wide
- Minimize water age
- Develop and execute a nitrification monitoring and control plan

# Recommended Practices for Nitrification Control

#### Planning

Best Practices for Nitrification Control	Level
Prepare a nitrification control plan that includes both response and prevention actions, review and update plan annually	Basic
Develop budget cost estimates and prepare capital projects as needed to support the above best practices	Advanced

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### Recommended Practices for Nitrification Control Monitoring/ Detection

Best Practices for Nitrification Control	Level
Develop and implement a nitrification monitoring plan	Basic
Monitor key parameters at TCR/DBP sites (nitrite, nitrate, ammonia, chloramine)	Basic
Monitor storage tank inlet and outlet water quality	Basic
Monitor source water quality for nitrification related parameters	Basic
Identify critical control points representing:	
<ul> <li>Fresh water: from WTP or wholesale supplier</li> </ul>	Basic
Average water age	Basic
High water age: storage tanks, far reaches, low-usage areas	Basic
Monitor additional indicator parameters to find nitrification (alkalinity, pH,	Advanced
DO, etc.)	
Perform a chloramine decay study	Advanced

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#### Recommended Practices for Nitrification Control 0&M at WTP

Best Practices for Nitrification Control	Level
Control the chlorine to ammonia-nitrogen ratio between 4.5 and 5:1 in the finished water leaving the water treatment plant (or request an upstream supplier to do so). If possible, control between 4.75 and 5:1	Basic
	Basic
<ul> <li>Maintain sufficient monochloramine residuals:</li> <li>&gt;2.0 mg Cl<sub>2</sub>/L leaving the treatment plant</li> <li>&gt;0.5 mg Cl<sub>2</sub>/L in the distribution system, preferably &gt;1.5 mg Cl<sub>2</sub>/L</li> </ul>	Basic Basic
Consider seasonal adjustment of chloramine residual (higher residual in nitrification season)	Advanced
Provide good corrosion control	Basic

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### Recommended Practices for Nitrification Control 0&M in Distribution System

Best Practices for Nitrification Control	Level
Routinely clean storage facilities and distribution system piping	Basic
Practice spot or automatic flushing of problem areas	Basic
Practice systematic (unidirectional) distribution system flushing	Advanced
Monitor storage tanks for stratification	Advanced
Perform hydraulic study of distribution system and storage tanks	Advanced
<ul> <li>Minimize distribution system water age</li> <li>Eliminate dead ends and low flow areas</li> <li>Minimize storage facility water age: <ul> <li>Maximize storage facility turnover and cycling</li> <li>Maximize hydraulic mixing</li> <li>Optimize storage volume</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Basic/Advanc ed Basic Advanced Advanced

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# Recommended Practices for Nitrification Control

**Responses to Nitrification** 

Best Practices for Nitrification Control	Level
Perform localized flushing	Basic
Drain, disinfect, and clean affected storage tanks	Basic
Develop a free chlorination strategy for temporary conversion to free chlorine and evaluate its effectiveness by monitoring for return of nitrification; free chlorination may be localized or system wide	Basic/Advanced

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## Nitrification Case Study

# Small Water System, UT



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- Consecutive system
- Surface water
- Chloraminated
- Population of 1,201
- 2 pressure zones (low, high)
- Flushing for customer complaints or low residuals

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- Leaving the wholesalers treatment plant:
  - Target ratio chlorine to ammonia is 4.5:1
  - Target residual is 2.5 mg/L Oct. through May
  - Target residual is 3.5 mg/L June through Sept.

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#### Tank 1

- In low pressure zone
- 20 kgal, gravity fed
- Common inlet and outlet
- Average turnover 30% each day
- Last cleaned in 2014

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#### Tank2

- In the high pressure zone
- 10kgal, gravity fed
- Common inlet and outlet
- Standpipe
- Average turnover 8%
- Last cleaned in 1983

#### Chlorine Residual Loss



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### Sample Data

			NADT	007			
		PUE-001			-007	1CK-002	ICK-005
		Total	Free				
	Total Cl	ammonia	ammonia	Total Cl	Nitrite	Total Cl	Total Cl
Date							
sampled	mg/L	as N mg/L	as N mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
7/1/15	2.1			1.5			
7/4/15	1.9			1.2			
7/8/15	2	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.04	1.8	
7/15/15	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.9		1.6	0.7
7/22/15	2	0.7	0.3	0.6		1.7	0.4
7/29/15	2	0.7	0.4	0.6		1.5	0.5

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- What is the chlorine: ammonia ratio coming in to the system?
- Is nitrification system-wide, or local?
  - Can you identify a likely source of water quality degradation?
- What would you do to address nitrification here?
  - Do you need additional monitoring or data?
  - Response measures?

#### More Data

	POE-001		MRT	MRT-007		TCR-005	
		Total	Free				
	Total Cl	ammonia	ammonia	Total Cl	Nitrite	Total Cl	Total Cl
Date							
sampled	mg/L	as N mg/L	as N mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
7/1/15	2.1			1.5			
7/4/15	1.9			1.2			
7/8/15	2	0.7	0.3	0.9	0.04	1.8	
7/15/15	1.9	0.6	0.4	0.9	0.07	1.6	0.7
7/22/15	2	0.7	0.3	0.6	0.11	1.7	0.4
7/29/15	2	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.18	1.5	0.5

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### Questions?

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