STATUS OF THE AMPHIPOD *DIPOREIA* SPP. IN LAKE SUPERIOR, 2011 <u>J. Scharold</u>, J.R. Kelly and T.D. Corry US EPA Mid-continent Ecology Division, 6201 Congdon Blvd., Duluth MN 55804

Amphipods of the genus *Diporeia* have historically been the dominant benthic macroinvertebrates in deeper waters of the Laurentian Great Lakes. Although *Diporeia* populations in the lower Great Lakes have experienced severe declines in recent years, densities have remained relatively stable in Lake Superior. We used a probability survey design to assess population density of *Diporeia* in Lake Superior. During September 2011, *Diporeia* were sampled at 53 sites using a Ponar grab. Twenty-four sites were in the nearshore (0-100 m depth) stratum and 29 in the offshore (>100 m) stratum. The lake-wide mean density of *Diporeia* was 855 ± 146 (SE) m⁻². In nearshore and offshore regions, mean densities were 1482 ± 184 m⁻² and 688 ± 180 m⁻², respectively. These values are greater than those from a similar survey conducted in 2006 (lake-wide mean 446 ± 63 m⁻²), and are much higher than those reported from the only previous comprehensive lake-wide survey of *Diporeia*, conducted in 1973. Greater understanding of the spatial and temporal variability of *Diporeia* populations will assist further refinement of monitoring designs.