

# Modeling U.S. air pollutant emissions and controls in GCAM-USA

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JGCRI 2015 Integrated Assessment Workshop, College Park, MD Dec. 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2015





#### **Objective of this presentation**

We describe extensions to the GCAM-USA modeling framework that facilitate exploration of the co-benefits, tradeoffs and synergies among strategies for addressing climate, air quality, and other environmental goals.

#### **Intended** audience

The material presented here is intended for GCAM and other IAM modelers. For other audiences, please contact Dan Loughlin (loughlin.dan@epa.gov).

#### Disclaimers

Modeling results are provided for illustrative purposes only.

While this presentation has been reviewed and cleared for publication by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, the views expressed here are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views or policies of the Agency.



Outline

- The GLIMPSE project
- 2. Science questions being addressed in GLIMPSE project
- **3. Why GCAM-USA?**
- 4. Modifications to GCAM-USA
  - U.S. emission factors (EFs), controls and policies
  - Scenario builder and analysis tools
- 5. Effects of modifications
- 6. Illustrative application
- 7. Summary and next steps

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### I.The GLIMPSE project

- GLIMPSE is a project being conducted by the U.S. EPA's Office of Research and Development.
- The primary goals of the project:
  - develop information and computational tools for assessing strategies for meeting air, climate, and energy goals simultaneously, and,
  - support air-climate-energy planning at various levels (national, regional & state).
- GLIMPSE has focused on extending EPA's MARKAL modeling capabilities by adding air, climate and environmental impact factors.
- This presentation outlines ongoing work to integrate GCAM-USA into the framework.

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### 2. Science questions

- How can we simultaneously (and cost-effectively and robustly) achieve air quality, climate change mitigation and energy goals?
- What are the tradeoffs and synergies among these goals?
- What are the implications of state-level energy efficiency and renewable energy measures on GHG and air pollutant emissions?
- How do these measures and end-of-pipe controls work together most effectively in a control strategy?
- What are the broader health, environmental and ecological impacts of different pathways for meeting society's energy needs?
  - Impacts under consideration include: Air quality and resulting human health effects, agricultural damage to crops and timber, ecosystem impacts from N and S deposition, water use by agricultural and energy sectors, and resilience to drought and other climate change impacts

# SEPA 3.Why GCAM-USA?

#### GCAM-USA is being integrated into GLIMPSE. Why?

- Model is open source, freely available.
- Runtime <I hr without specialized hardware or proprietary software.</p>

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- Input/output format is amenable to integration with a user interface.
- Includes air pollutants of interest to EPA
  - NOx, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO, PM<sub>2.5</sub>, PM<sub>10</sub>, VOC, NH<sub>3</sub>.
- Allows examination of national and state actions in global context.
- Expands current MARKAL-based GLIMPSE capabilities:
  - Spatial resolution: Census Div. -> State
  - Spatial bounds: U.S. -> Global
  - Temporal horizon: 2055 -> 2100
  - Sectoral coverage: Energy system -> Energy system plus economy, land use, agriculture, climate



### 4. GCAM-USA modifications

### Limitations for our purposes

### How being addressed...

Air pollutant emission factors (EFs) decrease as a function of GDP growth, but do not explicitly reflect US regulations (e.g., Tier 3 and New Source Performance Standards).



Developed base-year and projected EFs using:

- Integrated Planning Model (IPM)
- Mobile Vehicle Simulator of Emissions (MOVES)
- WebFIRE EF database
- EPA Greenhouse Gas Inventory

Other regulations that cap state-level emissions are not currently included (e.g., Cross-State Air Pollution Rule, Clean Power Plan).



Added state-level pollutant caps derived from EPA Regulatory Impact Analyses.

Option to retrofit existing power plants with air pollutant controls is not implemented (e.g., Selective Catalytic Reduction for NOx)



Developed retrofit control characterizations based upon EPA's CUECost, CoST, and MARKAL modeling

Development and management of GCAM-USA inputs files currently is not user-friendly.



Developing a Scenario Builder and tools for analyzing and comparing results.



#### **GCAM-USA** workflow:



Model Interface



#### Scenario Builder and analysis tools:



**Front end**: Develop, manage and execute scenarios, set model options

**Back end**: View, analyze and compare scenario results



#### Scenario Builder: Creating scenario components

Scenario options	Preset Custom					
	Component:		Values: Populate Load Delete Clear Applied to:			States and/or
	Action:	Emission Tax 🔹	Year	Value	verild	, global regions
	Input:	CO2 -	2020	10.00	VSA	giobal regions
			2025	12.76	AL	to which to
	Populate option	15:	2030	16.29	AK	annly the
	Type:	Initial w/% Growth 🔹	2035	20.79	ΔR	
	Start Year:	2020	2040	26.53	V CA	changes
	End Year:	2100	2045	33.86	СО	
	Initial Amount:	10	2050	43.22	СТ	
	Growth:	5	2055	55.16	DE	
			2060	70.40	DC	
	Other options:	Custom Wide	2065	89.85	FL FL	
	Sector:	System wide	2070	114.67	GA	
				Add	✓ HI	~
			S	ave Close		
Tools for						
populating		Data table of				
data table						

4. GCAM-USA modifications

#### Scenario Builder: Managing scenarios Creating a new scenario - 0 % GCAM-USA Scenario Creator from existing Library of Candidate Scenario Components Construct or Edit Scenario filter: components Name: CO2CapNE\_update File Name Address Created scenario Components: 2CapNortheast.txt C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\io\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:49:54 .. File Name components CO2CapUSA.txt C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\io\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:47:41 . CO2CapNortheast.txt CO2TaxNortheast.txt C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\io\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:35:14 . CO2TaxUSA.txt C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\io\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:33:19 .. SolarPVSubsidyUSA.txt C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\jo\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:53:27 ... SolarPVSubsidyWest.... C:\Projects\GCAM-GUI\io\ScenarioComponen... Mon Oct 26 16:52:17 ... Run Create New Edit Delete Working Scenarios filter: Run Name Components Run Date Analyze Management CO2TaxUSA CO2TaxUSA.txt: Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015 and execution CO2TaxNortheast CO2TaxNortheast.txt: Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015 CO2CapUSA CO2CapUSA.txt; Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015 of scenarios CO2CapNortheast Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015 CO2CapNortheast.txt; Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015 SolarPVSubsidyWest SolarPVSubsidyWest.txt; SolarPVSubsidvUSA SolarPVSubsidyUSA.txt; Mon Oct 26 16:57:34 EDT 2015

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### 5. Effects of modifications

Note:

Results shown in this presentation are created using the GCAM-USA model, modified to include US-specific EFs provided by the EPA GLIMPSE team.

### **5. Effects of modifications**

#### U.S. electricity production (EJ) by aggregated technology category





#### Changes in GCAM-USA:

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- State-level resolution
- New U.S.-specific emission factors
- Representation of CSAPR
- Clean Power Plan is not included



Illustrative results

### 5. Effects of modifications

#### U.S. NOx emissions (Tg) by sector





#### Changes in GCAM-USA:

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- State-level resolution
- New U.S.-specific emission factors
- Representation of CSAPR
- (Clean Power Plan not in either)



#### Illustrative results

### *<b>♦ EPA*

### 5. Effects of modifications

#### **Observations:**

- These are illustrative results from a work in progress.
- The emission projection from GCAM-USA does not represent future policies (beyond what is 'on the books'), while GCAM 4.0's projection implicitly does with its EFs being a function of change in gross domestic product.
- The timing of emission reductions differs between the models.
- Addition of CSAPR changes the electricity production pathway.



#### U.S. electricity production (EJ) by aggregated technology

Illustrative results



#### **Objective:**

# Examine the air pollutant co-benefits associated with a hypothetical $CO_2$ mitigation pathway.



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### 6. Example application

#### State electric sector response to CO<sub>2</sub> mitigation policy



[Note: these need to be updated to be compatible with modeled scenario]

Illustrative results

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### 6. Example application

#### Air pollutant emission reduction co-benefits in the electric sector

Solid line represents CO2 mitigation scenario results, dashed line is reference case



Observation: There are NOx, SO2 and CO co-benefits in each of these three states.

#### Illustrative results

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# **FPA** 7. Summary and next steps

- We have made great strides in modifying GCAM-USA to include air pollutant emissions, controls and regulations.
- The system has successfully been tested to evaluate the air pollutant implications of a GHG mitigation pathway.
- We have also made progress in developing a working Scenario Builder for use with GCAM-USA.
- Ongoing work includes:
  - testing our representation of air pollutant controls
  - adding industrial air pollutant control options
  - evaluating synergies and tradeoffs among air quality, climate and energy goals, and,
  - exploring the implications of energy technologies, fuels, and pathways on various environmental and health endpoints.



# **Questions?**

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For information on the GLIMPSE project:

Akhtar, F.H., Pinder, R.W., Loughlin, D.H., and Henze, D.K. (2013). GLIMPSE: a rapid decision framework for energy and environmental policy. *Environ Sci Technol*, 47(21), 12011-12019. doi:10.1021/es402283j