

The Virtual Liver Project: Modeling Tissue Response To Chemicals Through **Multiscale Simulation**

www.epa.gov/ncct

Imran Shah, Jason Pirone, Rory Conolly, Hugh Barton, Thomas Knudsen, Richard Judson, David Dix, Keith Houck, Jerry Blancato, Woody Setzer and Robert Kavlock

Office of Research and Development / National Center for Computational Toxicology 109 TW Alexander Drive, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, USA

Project Summary

Simulating Chemical-Induced Chronic Tissue Injury

The objective of the Virtual Liver is to develop a biologically-based predictive model of chronic toxicity due to environmental chemicals. Our hypothesis is that chronic tissue injury is a multiscale phenomenon in which: (a) xenobiotics perturb molecular networks, which alter (b) the dynamics of cellular processes leading to discrete changes in cell state (survival/division/death), and (c) networks of cells respond to gradients of xenobiotics / nutrients producing tissue changes. We are developing a virtual tissue that (a) describes the relevant molecular and cellular processes and (b) simulates their dose-dependent chemical-induced perturbations using an agent-based approach.

Liver cancer is frequently observed in rodents due to long-term exposure to environmental chemicals. One plausible mode of toxicity includes nuclear receptor (NR) activation, cell proliferation, hyperplasia and eventually neoplastic lesions. However, assessing the dose-dependent risk of non-genotoxic rodent liver cancer to humans is challenging. The 1-2 year goal of the Virtual Liver is to model the NR-mediated molecular and cellular processes leading to hyperplasia in rodents and to evaluate their relevance in humans. In the next 3-5 years the model will be expanded to predict neoplastic lesions and other apical liver toxicity endpoints across rodents and humans.



Related Efforts

ToxCast™, vEmbryo (www.epa.org/ncct) NIBIB/NIH (www.nibib1.nih.gov/Research/MultiScaleModeling) IUPS Physiome Project (www.nbvsiome.org.nz) STEP / VHP (www.europhysiome.org) SBML (www.sbml.org) HepatoSys (www.systembiologie.de)

Acknowledgements Elaine Hubal, John Wambaugh, David Reif, NCCT, ORD, US EPA Mike DeVito, Hisham El-Masri, Nicholas Luke, Chris Corton, Doug Wolf, Julian Preston, National Health and Environmental Effects Laboratory, ORD, US EPA Paul Schlosser, Rob Dewoskin, National Center for Environmental Assess ORD, US EPA

Miles Okino, National Exposure Research Laboratory, ORD, US EPA Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, US EPA Environmental Bioinformatics Center, University of Medicine and Dentistry & Princeton, NJ. US tal Bioinformatics Center, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, NC, US

References

Keterences

Keterences
Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Keterences

Ketere

Conolly, R. B., and M. E. Andersen. 1997. Hepatic foci in rats after diethylitosamine initiation and 2.3.7.8-ietrachiorodienzo-polioxin promotion: routicology and applied pharmacology 146, no. 2 (October): 281-93. Dix, David J., Keith A. Houck, Matthew T. Martin, Ann M. Richard, R. Woodrow Setzer, and Robert J. Kavidc. 2007. The ToxCast program for prioriting toxicity testing of environmental chemicals. *Toxicological sciences: an official journal of the Society of Toxicology* 50, no. 1 (Jourany): 5-12. Hunter, Peter J., and Thomas K. Borg. 2003. Integration from proteins to organs: the Physiome Project. *Nature review. Molecular cell biology* 4, no. 3 (March): 237-43.

Moolgavkar, S H. 1978. The multistage theory of carcinogenesis and the distribution of cancer in man. *Journal of the National Cancer Institute* 61, n (July): 49-52.

Shmulevich, I., E. R. Dougherty, S. Kim, and W. Zhang. 2002. Probabilistic Boolean networks: a rule-based uncertainty model for gene regulatory networks. ioinformatics 18, no. 2: 261-274.

Teutsch HF. 2005. The modular microarchitecture of human liver. Hepatology Aug;42(2):317-25.

This work has been reviewed by EPA and approved for presentation but does not necessarily reflect Agency views